



Idaho Fishing Seasons and Rules

2016 - 2018

First Edition 2016



Photo Boise River, courtesy Erik Cayo



Free Fishing Day

Saturday, June 11, 2016 • June 10, 2017 • June 9, 2018



Director Moore's Open Letter to the Hunters, Anglers and Trappers of Idaho

Over 75 years ago, Fish and Game's Mission was created by the people of Idaho. Hunters, anglers, trappers and others who cared about wildlife wrote it and passed it by a citizens' initiative, approved by 76 percent of voters in 1938 - still the highest margin of victory for any such initiative in the history of our state.

Fish and Game is proud of our Mission:

Wildlife Policy: All wildlife, including all wild animals, wild birds, and fish, within the state of Idaho, is hereby declared to be the property of the state of Idaho. It shall be preserved, protected, perpetuated, and managed. It shall be only captured or taken at such times or places, under such conditions, or by such means, or in such manner, as will preserve, protect, and perpetuate such wildlife, and provide for the citizens of this state and, as by law permitted to others, continued supplies of such wildlife for hunting, fishing and trapping. IC 36-103(a)



For me personally, the Mission has been the single most important guide throughout my 37 years as a fishery and wildlife management professional in Idaho. It keeps me on track, reminding me who we are at Fish and Game and what we do for the public we serve and I refer to it regularly.

Fish and Game is a public trust management agency providing benefits to Idahoans with specific direction to preserve, protect, perpetuate, (i.e., conserve wildlife), and once that is done, our paramount role is to provide for continued supplies for hunting, fishing and trapping. Harvest of wildlife is implicit in our Mission.

Fish and Game funding in Idaho comes predominantly from hunter and angler user fees, with no state general tax funds. This approach has been a key and successful aspect of the North American Model of Wildlife Management, the most successful large scale approach to wildlife conservation ever taken in the world.

Idahoans hear a lot about threats to that heritage from anti-hunting and anti-trapping groups. In Idaho, I believe we are united to confront such threats as demonstrated in 2012 when the citizens of Idaho reaffirmed our Mission by overwhelmingly approving a constitutional amendment (75 percent of voters). The amendment preserves the public's right to hunt, fish and trap, and states these are the preferred methods of managing Idaho's wildlife populations.

In 1977, as a newly hired Idaho Fish and Game fisheries biologist, I witnessed the closure of Idaho's Chinook salmon fishing and I wondered if it was gone for good. Today, we are regularly opening seasons and catching Chinook on the Snake, Clearwater and Salmon Rivers, providing opportunity to thousands of anglers to experience that fishing heritage. Idaho hunters experienced one of the best deer seasons in years, thanks to recent mild winters and management that have helped populations grow, providing much opportunity. The new Elk Plan (idfg.idaho.gov/conservation/plan/elk) provides zone-specific population objectives and strategies to deal with limiting factors including predation mortality by wolves and other predators. After four-and-a half successful hunting seasons, working together with Idaho hunters and trappers, we're getting our wolf population down to more manageable, but still sustainable levels, and our elk population is beginning to show signs of improvement in many zones.

Idaho Fish and Game has been front and center as part of Governor Otter's Sage-Grouse Task Force (idfg.idaho.gov/conservation/sage-grouse). Many volunteers, including hunters, are doing everything from participating in population surveys to helping us plant sagebrush. In addition to these on-the-ground efforts, hunters and falconers are helping support sage-grouse conservation through their purchases of licenses and tags. Despite that, a Southern Idaho newspaper recently claimed in print that sage-grouse hunting creates a "perception problem." I responded with an op-ed pointing out that sage-grouse seasons are set based on science, not perception and that we carefully monitor sage-grouse populations and allow hunting only where populations are strong and do not hesitate to close areas where populations or habitat are limiting. That's how we manage all game species, with sound science, and with opportunity for our hunters, anglers, and trappers always in mind.

Fifty three percent of Idahoans fished and 35 percent hunted in the last two years and our numbers are growing. We certified over 13,500 new hunters, bow hunters and trappers last fiscal year, a 14 percent increase over the previous year. And 3,900 ten and eleven year olds hunted their first deer or elk this year. We are also busy with our "Take Me Fishing" trailers, helping nearly 24,000 people over the last two years learn to fish. These are just a few examples of how Fish and Game, and a dedicated corps of volunteers are working to preserve, protect and perpetuate Idaho's wildlife and our hunting and fishing heritage.

Indeed, hunting, fishing, and trapping generate \$1.4 Billion per year for Idaho's economy, supports over 14,000 jobs, and is the second most popular outdoor activity in Idaho (behind camping) because we have such outstanding wildlife resources. Fish, game, and other species exist today thanks to your license dollars and the strong foundation for wildlife conservation and management outlined by our forefathers when they created and implemented the Fish and Game Mission. That is why we use it as a daily guide as Fish and Game strives to make Idaho a better place for fish, wildlife, hunters, anglers, and trappers, and all citizens who benefit from this incredible resource.

Looking ahead, I want to both thank you and reassure you that a top priority at Idaho Fish and Game will always be the hunter, angler, and trapper, and maintaining our wildlife heritage. Demands and issues facing our agency (i.e., endangered species, habitat loss, etc.) are much greater than they were when our Mission was created and the challenges will continue to grow, but nothing will ever be more important than making sure our fish and wildlife populations are healthy and available for hunters and anglers to use.


 Virgil Moore
Director



Idaho Department of Fish and Game

Idaho Wildlife Policy

"All wildlife, including all wild animals, wild birds, and fish, within the state of Idaho, is hereby declared to be the property of the state of Idaho. It shall be preserved, protected, perpetuated, and managed. It shall be only captured or taken at such times or places, under such conditions, or by such means, or in such manner, as will preserve, protect, and perpetuate such wildlife, and provide for the citizens of this state and, as by law permitted to others, continued supplies of such wildlife for hunting, fishing and trapping."

— Idaho Code Section 36-103

Idaho Fish and Game Commission

Mark Doerr - Chairman - Magic Valley
Brad Corkill - Panhandle
Daniel Blanco - Clearwater
Blake Fischer - Southwest
Lane Clezie - Southeast
Derick Attebury - Upper Snake
Will Naillon - Salmon

Idaho Department of Fish and Game

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Boise, ID 83707
208-334-3700 - idfg.idaho.gov

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Deputy Director - Sharon Kiefer
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Regional Offices

Panhandle Region208-769-1414

2885 W. Kathleen Ave., Coeur d'Alene ID 83815

Clearwater Region208-799-5010

3316 16th St., Lewiston ID 83501

Southwest Region208-465-8465

3101 S. Powerline Rd., Nampa ID 83686

McCall Subregion 208-634-8137

555 Deinhard Lane, McCall ID 83638

Magic Valley Region208-324-4359

324 S 417 E, Suite #1, Jerome ID 83338

Southeast Region208-232-4703

1345 Barton Rd., Pocatello ID 83204

Upper Snake Region208-525-7290

4279 Commerce Circle, Idaho Falls ID 83401

Salmon Region 208-756-2271

99 Highway 93 N., Salmon ID 83467

Idaho Fish and Game offices are open 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday except state holidays. Offices in the Panhandle and Clearwater regions are in the Pacific Time Zone; all others are in the Mountain Time Zone.

Other Information Numbers

Rules booklets, nonresident license applications: 208-334-3700

U. S. Forest Service:

Southern Idaho www.fs.usda.gov/r4

Northern Idaho www.fs.usda.gov/r1

Bureau of Land Management: www.blm.gov/id

Idaho Relay Service (TDD) 1-800-377-3529

To Buy a License, Tag or Permit:

- In person, go to any Idaho Fish and Game office or license vendor.
- By credit card, within the United States call 1-800-554-8685. Outside the U.S., use the Internet or mail. A service fee is added for telephone transactions.
- From your computer or mobile device, go to idfg.idaho.gov. A service fee is added for online transactions.
- Commercial licenses and tags, duplicate tags, documents that require proof of disability, lifetime licenses, and bear baiting permits may be purchased only at Fish and Game offices.



To report wildlife crimes, call Citizens Against Poaching at 1-800-632-5999.

Emergency information can be relayed to Fish and Game personnel through any Idaho law enforcement agency.

For more information on laws in this rule book, visit the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act at <http://adminrules.idaho.gov>.

Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG) adheres to all applicable state and federal laws and regulations related to discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, gender, disability or veteran's status. If you feel you have been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility of IDFG, or if you desire further information, please write to: Idaho Department of Fish and Game, P.O. Box 25, Boise, ID 83707 or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Division of Federal Assistance, Mailstop: MBSP-4020, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Arlington, VA 22203, Telephone: (703) 358-2156. This publication will be made available in alternative formats upon request. Please contact IDFG for assistance.

Costs associated with this publication are available from IDFG in accordance with Section 60-202, Idaho Code.

Information in this brochure summarizes rules and is an official proclamation of the Idaho Fish and Game Commission for the taking of wildlife and/or fish. The official rules are available from the Office of Administrative Rules, Department of Administration, Statehouse Mail, Boise, ID 83720, and may be reviewed in some libraries. Maps are for general reference only.

Fishing Rules 2016 - 2018

CONTENTS

How to Use This Booklet	6
Proxy Statement	7
Panhandle Region	8 - 11
Clearwater Region	12 - 15
Southwest Region	16 - 20
Magic Valley Region	21 - 25
Silver Creek Fishing Guide	26
Southeast Region	27 - 30
Upper Snake Region	31 - 34
Henrys Fork (Snake River, North Fork)	35
Salmon Region	36 - 38
Steelhead and Salmon Rules	39 - 44
River Location Codes	40
Steelhead Seasons and Limits.....	41 - 42
Salmon and Steelhead Fishing in Boundary Waters	43
Permit Validation	43
Washington/Idaho Fishing Waters Boundaries	43
Threatened and Endangered Species	44
General Fishing Information	45 - 59
Trespass Law	45
Methods of Fishing and Equipment.....	46 - 47
Fish Terms and Limits	47 - 48
Boundary and Water Definitions.....	48
Transport, Release, and Possession of Fish	48-49
Salvage of Fish	49
Salmon and Steelhead Rules.....	49
Fishing in Boundary Waters	49
Releasing Fish.....	49
Taking Photographs	50
Reasons for Special Seasons.....	50
Reasons for Special Size and Bag Limits	50
Navigability and Public Access.....	51
Sturgeon Fishing Rules.....	52
Fish Consumption and Advisory Information	53
Official List of Idaho Record Fish	54 - 55
Fish Identification	56 - 59
Licenses, Tags and Permits	60 - 63
To Buy a License, Tag or Permit	60
Hunter and Bowhunter Education	60
Refund Policy	60
Resident Disabled Licenses	60
Disabled Hunter/Companion	61
Resident Lifetime License Certificates.....	61
Residency Requirements	61
Hunting Passports	61
Idaho Resident Fees	62
Nonresident Fees	63

NEW in this booklet

- You can now possess 3-times the daily bag limit while in the field or in transit after the second day of the season
- Minimum bass length is now 14" in the Southeast Region except where noted
- There is no minimum bass length limit in the Upper Snake Region except where noted
- Includes Steelhead and Salmon Rules

Idaho Fish & Game Regions



How to Use This Booklet

1. Find the region where you plan to fish



Clearwater Region

2. Find the regional fishing season dates



3. Find your fish species and bag limit



4. See if the water you want to fish is listed under Special Rule Waters



5. Turn the page for details on Special Rule Waters

General Fishing Season for the Clearwater Region		
All Waters Open All Year Except as modified in Clearwater Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 14-15. Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.		
Daily Bag Limits for the Clearwater Region		
The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Clearwater Region except as modified in Clearwater Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 14-15. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.		
Bass (largemouth and smallmouth) Bass limit is 6, both species combined	Sturgeon - Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release - Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing - Barbless hooks and sliding sinkers are required, see Page 52 for details	
Brook Trout Brook trout limit is 25	Tiger Muskie Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches	
Bull Trout - Bull trout limit is 0, catch-and-release - No bull trout harvest is allowed	Trout includes cutthroat trout, rainbow trout, and trout hybrids (e.g. tiger trout) - In rivers and streams, trout limit is 2, all species combined - In lakes, reservoirs, ditches and canals, trout limit is 6, all species combined	
Kokanee Kokanee limit is 25	Whitefish Whitefish limit is 25	
Salmon (ocean-going) - Salmon seasons and limits are set annually by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission and rules are issued in a separate brochure - Fishing for or targeting salmon is prohibited unless a salmon season is specifically opened for that water	Protected Nongame Fish includes Pacific lamprey and sand roller May not be harvested or possessed	
Steelhead (ocean-going) - Defined as rainbow trout longer than twenty (20) inches in length in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage (excluding lakes), and the Clearwater River drainage (excluding that portion above Dworshak Dam, and lakes) - Fishing for or targeting steelhead is prohibited unless a steelhead season is specifically opened for that water (see pages 39-43)	All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish No bag, size or possession limit	
Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 53.		
Special Rule Waters for the Clearwater Region (see Pages 14-15 for details)		
Clearwater River Clearwater River, Middle Fork Clearwater River, North Fork Clearwater River, South Fork Crooked Fork Creek (tributary to Lochsa River) Lochsa River Deyo Reservoir Dworshak Reservoir Elk Creek and tributaries (tributary to Dworshak Reservoir)	Elk Creek Reservoir Fish Lake (Cedars Area) Kelly Creek and tributaries Lake Creek (Cedars Area) Lochsa River Mann Lake Moose Creek Reservoir Salmon River Salmon River tributaries Selway River	Snake River (Lewiston to Hells Canyon Dam) Spring Valley Reservoir Tolo Lake Winchester Lake

General Information and Definitions pertaining to rules can be found starting on Page 46.

Who needs a license to fish in Idaho:

- Any person 14 years of age or older must have a valid license or permit to fish for fish, bullfrogs or crayfish in Idaho. No person shall fish without having the proper license on his or her person.
- Resident children under the age of 14 are not required to purchase a fishing license but can purchase a two-pole fishing permit. Resident children may possess their own daily bag limit.
- A resident child under 14 may purchase a salmon or steelhead permit without a license so that he or she may catch his or her own limit of steelhead or salmon.
- Nonresident children under 14 years of age must be accompanied by the holder of a valid fishing license and their fish must be included in the license holder's limit in order to fish without a license, or they may purchase a nonresident license and have their own limit.
- Any license, tag or permit which is defaced, altered or tampered with shall be invalid from the date and time of issuance. It is a violation to use or attempt to use any license, tag or permit that has been defaced, altered or tampered with by means of (but not limited to) erasures and type overs, or tears in the paper.
- Fishing on Indian reservations may require tribal licenses and adherence to tribal regulations.

Información Importante

Este libro incluye información importante acerca de las leyes de pesca de Idaho. Usted puede ser multado o encarcelado si viola estas leyes. Por favor, encuentra alguien que lea inglés para explicar la información en este libro.

FREE FISHING DAY!

EVERYONE WELCOME!
(No license required)

- How-to clinics
- Tackle available
- Questions answered
- Skills development

Saturday, June 11, 2016
June 10, 2017 • June 9, 2018

For more information, contact the Fish and Game office nearest you.



PROXY STATEMENT *(To transport fish taken by another person)*

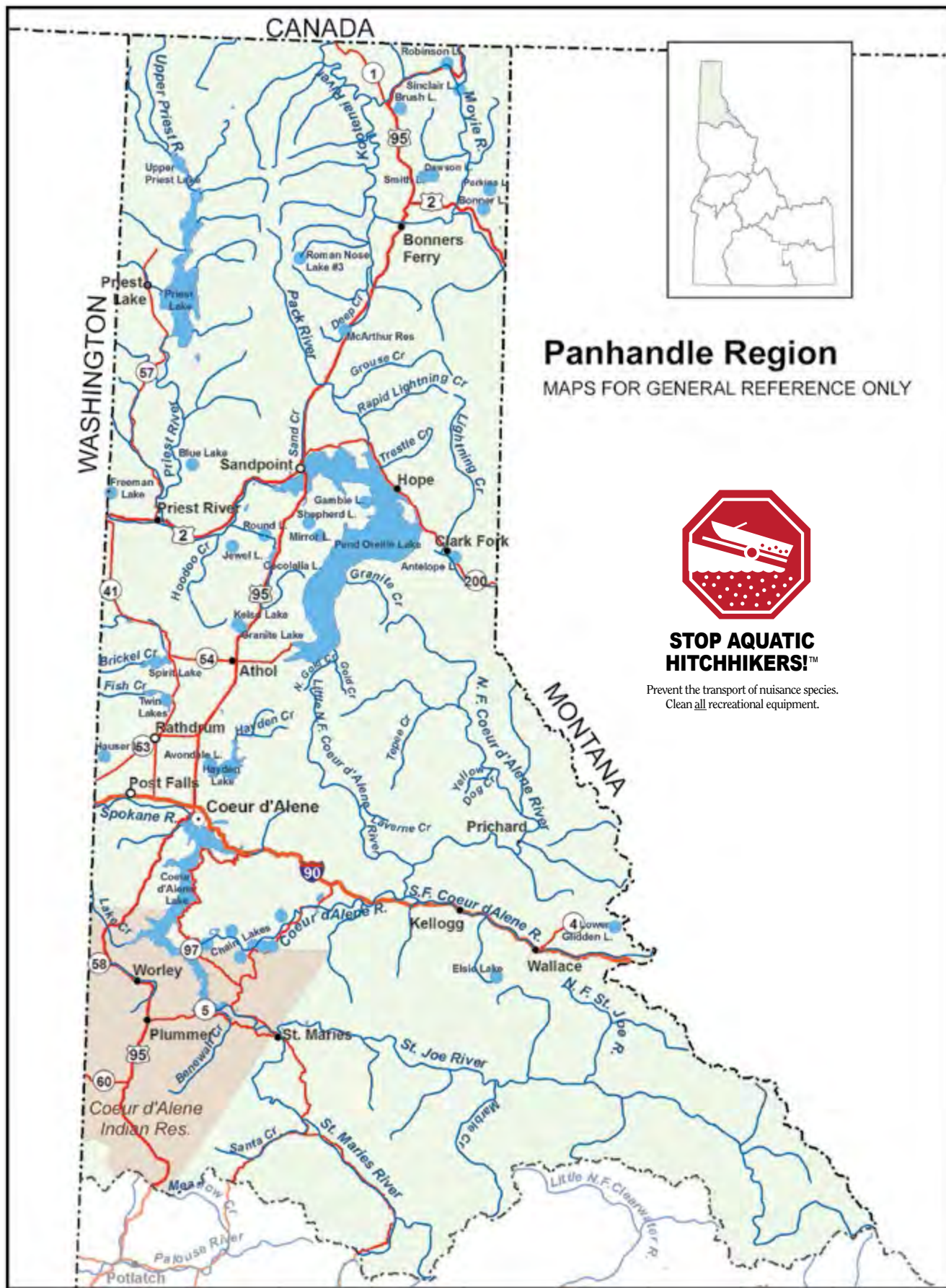
Angler's Name _____ Signature _____
Address _____ Phone _____
License No. _____ Tag No. _____ Permit No. _____
Name of person transporting _____ Phone _____

Fish Species	Description & Number Taken	Water Caught	Date

GAME:

Species _____ How many _____

Species _____ How many _____



Panhandle Region

General Fishing Season for the Panhandle Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Panhandle Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 10-11.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Panhandle Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Panhandle Region except as modified in Panhandle Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 10-11. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (largemouth and smallmouth)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined

Brook Trout

- Brook trout limit is 25

Bull Trout

- Bull trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- **No bull trout harvest is allowed**

Burbot

- Burbot limit is 0, catch-and-release

Chinook Salmon (land-locked)

- Chinook salmon limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 15

Sturgeon

- Fishing for or targeting sturgeon in the Kootenai River is illegal

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes brown trout, cutthroat trout, golden trout, lake trout, rainbow trout, splake, trout hybrids, Arctic grayling

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined

Does not include bull trout and brook trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25

All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish

- No bag, size or possession limit

*Check for potential fish consumption advisories.
See Page 53.*

Special Rule Waters for the Panhandle Region (see Pages 10-11 for details)

Anderson Lake	Dawson Lake	Pend Oreille Lake
Antelope Lake	Deep Creek and tributaries	Pend Oreille River
Avondale Lake	Freeman Lake	Perkins Lake
Benewah Creek and tributaries	Gamble (Gamlin) Lake	Priest Lake and tributaries
Blue Lake (Priest River Drainage)	Gold Creek	Priest River and tributaries
Blue Lake (Coeur d' Alene Drainage)	Granite Creek and tributaries	Rapid Lightning Creek and tributaries
Bonner Lake	Granite Lake	Robinson Lake
Brush Lake	Grouse Creek and tributaries	Roman Nose Lake #3
Chase Lake	Hayden Creek and tributaries	Round Lake (Bonner County)
Clark Fork River and tributaries	Hayden Lake	St. Joe River and tributaries
Coeur d' Alene Lake	Jewel Lake	St. Maries River and tributaries
Coeur d' Alene River and tributaries	Kelso Lake	Shepherd Lake
Coeur d' Alene River, Little North Fork and tributaries	Kootenai River	Sinclair Lake
Coeur d' Alene River, North Fork and tributaries	Lake Creek and tributaries	Smith Lake
Coeur d' Alene River, South Fork and tributaries	Lightning Creek and tributaries	Spirit Lake
Coeur d' Alene Indian Reservation	Lower Glidden Lake	Spokane River
	Mirror Lake	Trestle Creek and tributaries
	Moyie River	Upper Priest Lake and tributaries
	Pack River and tributaries	

Special Rule Waters for the Panhandle Region

See Page 9 for fishing season, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Panhandle Region except as listed below.

Anderson Lake

(includes the channel to the Coeur d'Alene River)

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be largemouth bass, no largemouth bass under 16 inches

Antelope Lake - Electric motors only

Avondale Lake - Electric motors only

Benewah Creek and tributaries

- Closed to fishing

Blue Lake (Priest River drainage) - Electric motors only

Blue Lake (Coeur d'Alene drainage; includes the channel to the Coeur d'Alene River)

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be largemouth bass, no largemouth bass under 16 inches

Bonner Lake - Electric motors only

Brush Lake - Electric motors only

Chase Lake - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be largemouth bass, no largemouth bass under 16 inches

Clark Fork River

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- Rainbow trout closed to harvest December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend
- No limit on lake trout

Clark Fork River tributaries

(includes Lightning Creek and tributaries)

Section: Entire river except for posted area adjacent to the Cabinet Gorge Hatchery

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- Rainbow trout closed to harvest December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend, no bait allowed

Coeur d'Alene Lake (includes Benewah, Chatcolet, and Hidden lakes, Coeur d'Alene River "Chain Lakes" and all tributaries to Coeur d'Alene Lake, except Benewah and Lake creeks)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Coeur d'Alene River and tributaries (from the mouth to the confluence of the North Fork and South Fork)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Coeur d'Alene River, Little North Fork and tributaries

Section: From the mouth upstream to Laverne Creek

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Section: From and including Laverne Creek upstream

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Coeur d'Alene River, North Fork and tributaries

Section: From the confluence of the North Fork and South Fork upstream to Yellow Dog Creek

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Section: From and including Yellow Dog Creek upstream

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Coeur d'Alene River, South Fork and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Coeur d'Alene Indian Reservation - Contact the Coeur d'Alene Tribal Office

Dawson Lake - Electric motors only

Deep Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - Panhandle Region general rules apply

Freeman Lake - Electric motors only

Gamble (Gamlin) Lake - Electric motors only

Gold Creek (Pend Oreille Lake; includes North and West Gold creeks and tributaries)

- Closed to fishing

Granite Creek and tributaries (Pend Oreille Lake)

- Closed to fishing

Granite Lake - Electric motors only

Grouse Creek and tributaries

Section: From the mouth upstream, except for 100 yards upstream and downstream of Grouse Creek Falls.

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- Rainbow trout closed to harvest December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend, no bait allowed

Section: 100 yards upstream and downstream from Grouse Creek Falls

- Closed to fishing

Hayden Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - Panhandle Region general rules apply

Hayden Lake

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be largemouth bass, no largemouth bass under 20 inches
- Crappie limit is 6, none under 10 inches

Jewel Lake - Electric motors only

Kelso Lake - Electric motors only

Kootenai River

- Trout limit is 2, no rainbow or cutthroat trout under 16 inches
- Sturgeon - closed to fishing

Lake Creek and tributaries

- Closed to fishing

Lightning Creek and tributaries

(see Clark Fork River tributaries)

Lower Glidden Lake - Electric motors only

Mirror Lake - Electric motors only

Moyie River

- Trout limit is 2

Pack River and tributaries

(from the mouth at Burlington Northern Railroad Bridge upstream; also see Grouse Creek)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- Rainbow trout catch-and-release December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend, no bait allowed

Pend Oreille Lake (includes Sand, Strong, Riser, Bayview, and Mirror creeks and their tributaries)

- No limit on the number of fishing rods per angler while fishing from a boat
- Bass limit is 6, only two may be largemouth bass, no largemouth bass under 16 inches
- No limit on lake trout, lake trout can be possessed in the field or in transit with head removed
- Cutthroat trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Mouths of Gold, North Gold, Granite and Trestle creeks are closed to fishing for a radius of 100 yards into the lake
- Rainbow trout limit is 2; only 1 over 20 inches

Pend Oreille River (from railroad bridge at Sandpoint downstream to Idaho-Washington border, including tributaries and sloughs to the edge of flat water)

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be largemouth bass, no largemouth bass under 16 inches
- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Perkins Lake - Electric motors only

Priest Lake and tributaries (including Thorofare)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- Kokanee limit is 6

Priest River and tributaries

(from its mouth to Priest Lake)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Rapid Lightning Creek and tributaries

(see Pack River)

Robinson Lake - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be largemouth bass, no largemouth bass under 16 inches

Roman Nose Lake #3 - Electric motors only

Round Lake (Bonner County) - Electric motors only

St. Joe River and tributaries (except St. Maries River)

Section: From Coeur d'Alene Lake upstream to and including the North Fork St. Joe River

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Section: From the North Fork St. Joe River upstream

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

St. Maries River and tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 2, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2

Shepherd Lake - Electric motors only

Sinclair Lake - Electric motors only

Smith Lake - Electric motors only

Spirit Lake

- Kokanee limit is 25

Spokane River and tributaries

Section: From state line upstream to Post Falls Dam

- Trout limit is 2

Section: From Post Falls Dam upstream to Coeur d'Alene Lake

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Trestle Creek and tributaries

- Closed to fishing

Upper Priest Lake and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required
- Kokanee limit is 6



Fishing & Boating Access Sites

For a complete guide to Idaho Fish and Game's access sites and other resources for anglers go to:

idfg.idaho.gov/fish

Clearwater Region

MAPS FOR GENERAL REFERENCE ONLY



**STOP AQUATIC
HITCHHIKERS!™**



Clearwater Region

General Fishing Season for the Clearwater Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Clearwater Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 14-15.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Clearwater Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Clearwater Region except as modified in Clearwater Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 14-15. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (largemouth and smallmouth)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined

Brook Trout

- Brook trout limit is 25

Bull Trout

- Bull trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- **No bull trout harvest is allowed**

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 25

Salmon (ocean-going)

- Salmon seasons and limits are set annually by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission and rules are issued in a separate brochure
- Fishing for or targeting salmon is prohibited unless a salmon season is specifically opened for that water

Steelhead (ocean-going)

- Defined as rainbow trout longer than twenty (20) inches in length in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage (excluding lakes), and the Clearwater River drainage (excluding that portion above Dworshak Dam, and lakes)
- Fishing for or targeting steelhead is prohibited unless a steelhead season is specifically opened for that water (see pages 39-43)

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks and sliding sinkers are required, see Page 52 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes cutthroat trout, rainbow trout, and trout hybrids (e.g. tiger trout)

- In rivers and streams, trout limit is 2, all species combined
- In lakes, reservoirs, ditches and canals, trout limit is 6, all species combined

Does not include bull trout and brook trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25

Protected Nongame Fish includes Pacific lamprey and sand roller

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 53.

Special Rule Waters for the Clearwater Region (see Pages 14-15 for details)

Clearwater River
Clearwater River, Middle Fork
Clearwater River, North Fork
Clearwater River, South Fork
Crooked Fork Creek (tributary to Lochsa River)
Deyo Reservoir
Dworshak Reservoir
Elk Creek and tributaries (tributary to Dworshak Reservoir)

Elk Creek Reservoir
Fish Lake (Cedars Area)
Kelly Creek and tributaries
Lake Creek (Cedars Area)
Lochsa River
Mann Lake
Moose Creek Reservoir
Salmon River
Salmon River tributaries
Selway River

Snake River (Lewiston to Hells Canyon Dam)
Spring Valley Reservoir
Tolo Lake
Winchester Lake

Special Rule Waters For the Clearwater Region

See Page 13 for fishing season, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Clearwater Region except as listed below.

Clearwater River

Section: From the mouth upstream to the Clearwater River Bridge at Orofino

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept
- Fishing between posted boundaries 100 yards upstream and downstream from the Nez Perce Tribal Hatchery Ladder (near Cherry Lane Bridge) and extending into the river channel 50 yards is prohibited
- Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited

Section: From the Clearwater River Bridge at Orofino upstream to the confluence of the South Fork and Middle Fork Clearwater rivers

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept
- September 1 through April 30 - No motors allowed

Clearwater River, Middle Fork

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches
- September 1 through April 30 - No motors allowed

Clearwater River, North Fork

Section: From the mouth upstream to Dworshak Dam

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept
- When fishing from Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge, it is illegal to take or attempt to take any fish downstream of the railroad bridge; fishing from the railroad bridge is prohibited
- Fishing from any watercraft or wading is prohibited between the posted line approximately 150 yards upstream from the mouth of the North Fork Clearwater River and the Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge
- Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited

Section: From the upper end of flat water of Dworshak Reservoir upstream

- Barbless hooks required
- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed except maggots
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 2, no cutthroat trout under 14 inches, no bait allowed

Clearwater River, South Fork

- Cutthroat trout limit is 0, catch and release only
- Single-pointed barbless hooks are required while fishing for steelhead and salmon

Crooked Fork Creek (tributary to Lochsa River)

Section: From the mouth to Brushy Fork Creek

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Section: From Brushy Fork Creek upstream - Clearwater Region general rules apply

Deyo Reservoir

- Bass Limit is 2; none under 16 inches

Dworshak Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be cutthroat trout, no cutthroat trout under 14 inches

Elk Creek and tributaries

(tributary to Dworshak Reservoir)

- Trout limit is 6, brook trout must be counted in trout limit

Elk Creek Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, brook trout must be counted in trout limit

Fish Lake (Cedars Area) - No motors allowed

- December 1 through July 31 – closed to fishing
- August 1 through November 30 - Clearwater Region general rules apply

Kelly Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Lake Creek (Cedars Area)

Section: From the mouth upstream to Goose Creek - Clearwater Region general rules apply

Section: From Goose Creek to Fish Lake including all tributaries (Cedar Flat area)

- December 1 through July 31 – closed to fishing
- August 1 through November 30 - Clearwater Region general rules apply



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Lochsa River

Section: From the mouth upstream to Wilderness Gateway Campground Motor Bridge, near Highway 12 milepost 122

- Barbless hooks required
- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed except maggots
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches, no bait allowed

Section: From Wilderness Gateway Campground Motor Bridge upstream to the confluence of Colt Killed Creek and Crooked Fork Creek

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Mann Lake - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 2, none under 16 inches
- October 1 to December 31 - No boats allowed

Moose Creek Reservoir - Electric motors only

Salmon River

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept

Salmon River tributaries

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Salmon River upstream to the Middle Fork Salmon River (except Little Salmon River and South Fork Salmon River)

- Trout limit is 2

Section: Those tributaries above the mouth of Middle Fork Salmon River - See Page 38, Salmon River tributaries, Special Rule Waters

Selway River

Section: From the mouth upstream to Selway Falls cable car

- Barbless hooks required
- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed except maggots
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches, no bait allowed

Section: From Selway Falls cable car upstream to Selway Falls Bridge at Meadow Creek

- Closed to fishing

Section: From Selway Falls Bridge at Meadow Creek upstream

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Snake River (Lewiston upstream to Hells Canyon Dam)

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept

Spring Valley Reservoir - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 2; none under 16 inches

Tolo Lake - Electric motors only

Winchester Lake - Electric motors only



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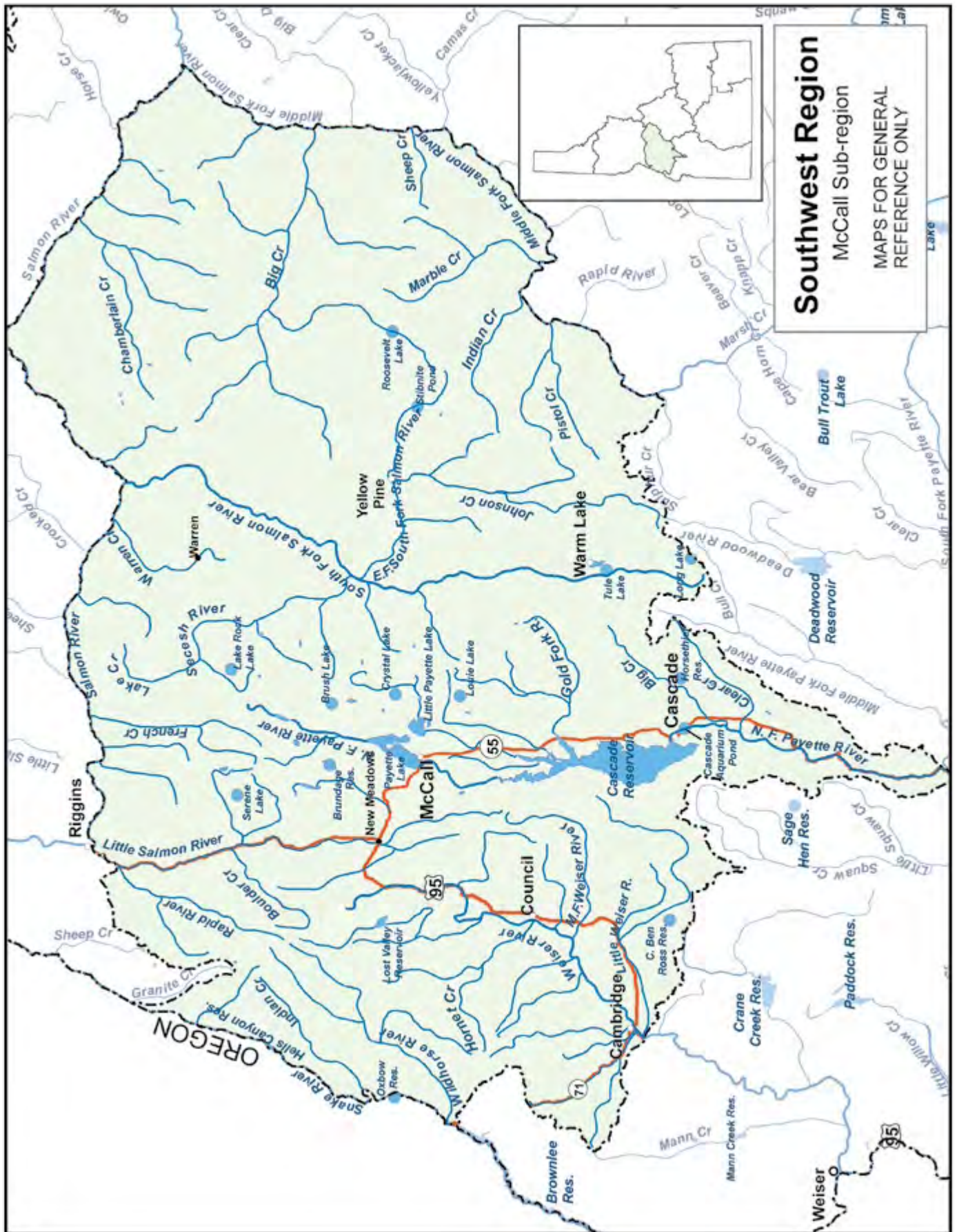
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Southwest Region

General Fishing Season for the Southwest Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Southwest Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 19-20.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Southwest Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Southwest Region except as modified in Southwest Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 19-20. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (largemouth and smallmouth)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined
- None under 12 inches

Brook Trout

- Brook trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for brook trout

Bull Trout

- Bull trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- **No bull trout harvest is allowed**

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 6

Salmon (ocean-going)

- Salmon seasons and limits are set annually by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission and rules are issued in a separate brochure
- Fishing for or targeting salmon is prohibited unless a salmon season is specifically opened for that water

Steelhead (ocean-going)

- Defined as rainbow trout longer than twenty (20) inches in length in the Salmon River drainage (excluding lakes). Between Hells Canyon Dam and Oxbow Dam and the Boise River from its mouth upstream to Barber Dam during steelhead seasons, steelhead are rainbow trout over twenty (20) inches in length with the adipose fin clipped (as evidenced by a healed scar)
- Fishing for or targeting steelhead is prohibited unless a steelhead season is specifically opened for that water (see pages 39-43)

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks and sliding sinkers are required, see Page 52 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout

includes brown trout, lake trout, golden trout, Arctic grayling, cutthroat trout, rainbow trout, trout hybrids, land-locked Chinook and coho salmon

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined

Does not include bull trout and brook trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish includes Pacific lamprey and sand roller

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories.

See Page 53.

Special Rule Waters for the Southwest Region (See Pages 19-20 for details)

Ben Ross Reservoir	Deadwood Reservoir	Oxbow Reservoir	Salmon River, South Fork and tributaries
Big Creek	Deadwood Reservoir tributaries	Parkcenter Pond	Serene Lake
Boise River	Duck Valley Indian Reservation	Payette River, North Fork	Squaw Creek and tributaries
Boise River, Middle Fork	Indian Creek Reservoir	Payette River, South Fork and tributaries	Stibnite Pond (Glory Hole)
Boise River, South Fork	Lake Lowell	Rapid River and tributaries	Tule Lake
Brundage Reservoir and tributaries	Lake Rock Lake	Roosevelt Lake	Warren Creek
Brush Lake	Little Payette Lake	Sage Hen Reservoir tributaries	Weiser Community Pond
Cascade Aquarium Pond	Long Lake	Salmon River	Wilson Springs Ponds
Chamberlain Creek and tributaries	Louie Lake	Salmon River tributaries	
Crane Falls Lake	McDevitt Pond	Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries	
Crystal Lake	Middle Fork Salmon River		
	M.K. Nature Center		
	Owyhee River and tributaries		

Special Rule Waters For the Southwest Region

See Page 18 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Southwest Region except as listed below.

Ben Ross Reservoir

- Bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Big Creek

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Boise River

(lower) from the mouth upstream to Lucky Peak Dam

Section: From the downstream side of the East Parkcenter Bridge to the upstream side of the West Parkcenter Bridge

- Trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches

All other sections of the lower Boise River - Southwest Region general rules apply

Boise River, Middle Fork

Section: From the confluence of the North Fork upstream to Atlanta Dam

- Trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

All other sections of the Boise River, Middle Fork - Southwest Region general rules apply

Boise River, South Fork

Section: From Neal Bridge (Forest Road 189) upstream to Anderson Ranch Dam

- No bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly or lure
- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit 2, none under 20 inches

Section: Boise River, South Fork above Anderson Ranch Dam; see Magic Valley Region rules (Page 23)

Brundage Reservoir and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2, none over 14 inches
- No bait allowed

Brush Lake

(an alpine lake in North Fork Payette drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Cascade Aquarium Pond

- Closed to fishing

Chamberlain Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Crane Falls Lake

- Electric motors only
- Bass limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Crystal Lake

(an alpine lake in the Lake Fork drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches

- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Deadwood Reservoir

- Kokanee limit is 25 per day

Deadwood Reservoir tributaries

- Trout limit is 2
- Kokanee limit is 25 per day

Duck Valley Indian Reservation

contact the Duck Valley Indian Tribal Office

Indian Creek Reservoir

- January 1 to June 30 - bass limit is 0, catch-and-release
- July 1 to December 31- bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Lake Lowell

- January 1 to June 30 - bass limit is 0, catch-and-release
- July 1 to December 31- bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Lake Rock Lake

(an alpine lake in the Secesh River drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Little Payette Lake

- Bass limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- Kokanee limit is 25 per day

Long Lake (an alpine lake south of Warm Lake)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Louie Lake (an alpine lake in the Boulder Creek drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

McDevitt Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Middle Fork Salmon River

(see Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries)

M.K. Nature Center

- Closed to fishing

Owyhee River and tributaries

- Bass limit is 6, any size may be kept

Oxbow Reservoir

(between Brownlee Dam and Oxbow Dam)

- Bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Parkcenter Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Payette River, North Fork

Section: From Payette Lake upstream, including tributaries

- Kokanee limit is 0, catch-and-release

Section: From Smiley Bridge to Payette Lake

- December 1 to Friday of Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0; catch-and-release, only

All other sections of the Payette River, North Fork - Southwest Region general rules apply

Payette River, South Fork and tributaries (except the Middle Fork Payette drainage)

- Trout limit is 2

Rapid River and tributaries (tributary to the Little Salmon River)

- Trout limit is 2

Roosevelt Lake

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Sage Hen Reservoir tributaries

- December 1 through June 15 - closed to fishing
- June 16 through November 30 - trout limit is 2

Salmon River

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept
- Bass limit is 6, any size may be kept

Salmon River tributaries

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Salmon River upstream to the mouth of the Middle Fork Salmon River (except Crooked Creek, Little Salmon River, and South Fork Salmon River)

- Trout limit is 2

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Middle Fork Salmon River upstream (except: North Fork Salmon River, Lemhi, Pahsimeroi, East Fork Salmon River, and Yankee Fork Salmon River)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - Salmon Region general rules apply

Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Salmon River, South Fork and tributaries (includes: Johnson Creek, East Fork South Fork Salmon River, Secesh River, Lake Creek, Summit Creek and tributaries)

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Serene Lake

(an alpine lake in the Hazard Creek drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Squaw Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Stibnite Pond (Glory Hole)

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Tule Lake (an alpine lake near Warm Lake)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Warren Creek

- Trout limit is 2

Weiser Community Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Wilson Springs Ponds

Section: The Trophy Pond

- All species limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Section: North and South Pond

- Trout limit is 2

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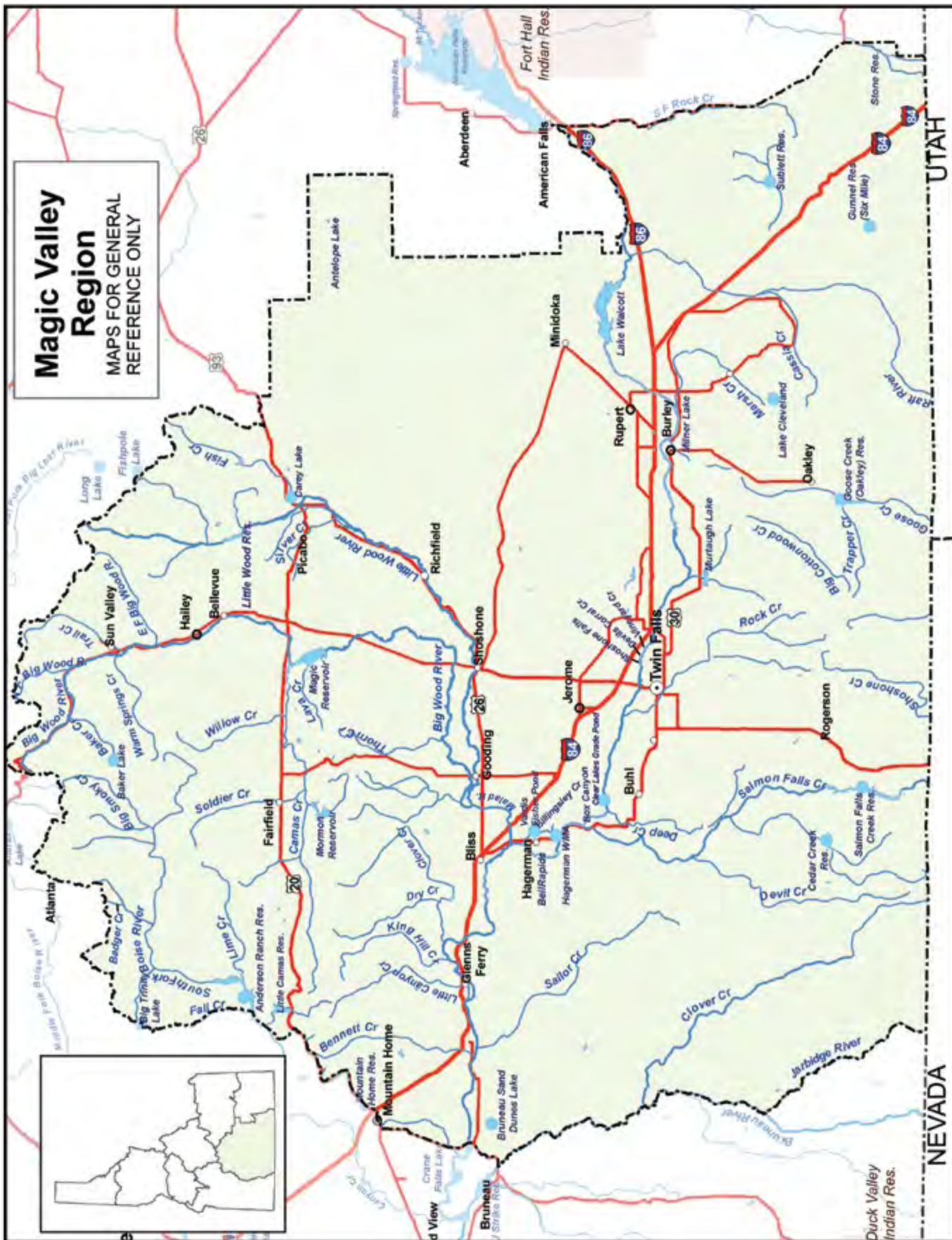


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Magic Valley Region

General Fishing Season for the Magic Valley Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in the Magic Valley Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 23-26.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Magic Valley Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Magic Valley Region except as modified in Magic Valley Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 23-26. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (largemouth and smallmouth)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined
- None under 12 inches

Brook Trout

- Brook trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for brook trout

Bull Trout

- Bull trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- **No bull trout harvest is allowed**

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 6

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks and sliding sinkers are required, see Page 52 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes brown trout, lake trout, golden trout, Arctic grayling, cutthroat trout, rainbow trout, trout hybrids, land-locked Chinook and coho salmon

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined
- In rivers and streams, only 2 of the 6 trout may be cutthroat trout

Does not include bull trout and brook trout which are listed separately

Walleye

- Walleye limit is 6

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish includes leatherside chub, Shoshone sculpin, bluehead sucker and Wood River sculpin

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 53.

Special Rule Waters for the Magic Valley Region (See Pages 23-26 for details)

Anderson Ranch Reservoir
Baker Lake
Bell Rapids (See Snake River)
Big Wood River
Big Wood River tributaries (upstream of Magic Reservoir)
Billingsley Creek
Boise River, South Fork (upstream of Anderson Ranch Dam)
Box Canyon Creek
Bruneau Dunes State Park
Carey Lake
Clear Lakes Grade Ponds (Empire Rapids Ponds)
Devils Corral Creek

Gunnel Reservoir (Six Mile)
Hagerman Wildlife Management Area
Jarbidge River and tributaries
Little Wood River
Magic Reservoir
Malad River
Niagara Springs Creek
Niagara Springs Wildlife Management Area
Riley Creek (see Hagerman Wildlife Management Area)
Salmon Falls Creek Reservoir
Silver Creek
Silver Creek tributaries
Snake River

South Fork Boise River (see Boise River, South Fork)
Sublett Reservoir
Sublett Reservoir tributaries
Trinity Lake
Vardis Fisher Pond
Vinyard Creek
Willow Creek (tributary to Camas Creek)

Special Rule Waters For the Magic Valley Region

See Page 22 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Magic Valley Region except as listed below.

Anderson Ranch Reservoir

- Kokanee limit is 25 per day

Baker Lake (an alpine lake in Blaine County)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Bell Rapids (See Snake River)

Big Wood River

Section: From the Richfield Canal Diversion upstream to Magic Dam

- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through March 31 – trout limit is 6
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing

Section: From the posted boundary about 700 yards east of Hot Springs Landing upstream to Glendale Road Bridge

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6

Section: From Glendale Road Bridge upstream to the Highway 75 Bridge near milepost 122.2

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Section: From Highway 75 Bridge near milepost 122.2 upstream to Highway 75 Bridge near milepost 136.2

- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly or lure
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing

Section: From the Highway 75 Bridge near milepost 136.2 upstream to the headwaters of the Big Wood River

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6

All other sections of the Big Wood River – Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Big Wood River Tributaries (upstream of Magic Reservoir)

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6

Billingsley Creek

Section: From old railroad grade upstream to Tupper Grade

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed

Section: From Tupper Grade upstream to Vader Grade

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limits is 6, fly-fishing only, no bait allowed

All other sections of Billingsley Creek - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Boise River, South Fork (upstream of Anderson Ranch Reservoir)

Section: From the mouth of Beaver Creek upstream to the mouth of Big Smoky Creek (see Southwest Region for information downstream from Anderson Ranch Dam)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches
- No bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly or lure

All other sections of the Boise River, South Fork above Anderson Ranch Dam - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Box Canyon Creek

- Trout limit is 2

Bruneau Dunes State Park - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Carey Lake - Electric motors only

Clear Lakes Grade Ponds (Empire Rapids Ponds)

- Trout limit is 2

Devils Corral Creek

- Trout limit is 2

Gunnel Reservoir (Six Mile)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2

Hagerman Wildlife Management Area - No motors

Section: The four Anderson Ponds, the Bass Ponds, Goose Pond, and the West Highway Pond (Highway 30)

- November 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing
- July 1 through October 31 – Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Section: Oster Lakes, Riley Pond, and the Settling Pond

- November 1 through the last day of February – closed to fishing
- March 1 through October 31 – Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Section: Riley Creek from the Falls upstream to the State Fish Hatchery Diversion

- November 1 through the last day of February – closed to fishing
- March 1 through October 31 – Magic Valley Region general rules apply

All other sections of Riley Creek - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Jarbridge River and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Little Wood River

Section: From the downstream end of the Taylor “Bear Tracks” Williams State Recreation Area near Highway 93 milepost 190, to the upstream end of the Recreation Area near Highway 93 milepost 192.5, as posted

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Fly-fishing only, barbless hooks required

Section: From Baugh Creek upstream (including tributaries)

- Trout limit is 2

All other sections of the Little Wood River - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Magic Reservoir (from Magic Dam to the posted boundary about 700 yards east of Hot Springs Landing)

- Bass limit is 6, any size may be kept

Malad River

Section: From its mouth upstream to the Interstate 84 bridge at Malad Gorge

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend to November 30 - trout limit is 6

Section: Malad River upstream of the Interstate 84 Bridge - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Niagara Springs Creek

Section: From the Niagara Springs Steelhead Hatchery intake pool (above the lowest fall) upstream to the spring sources as posted

- Closed to fishing

Section: Niagara Springs Creek from below the intake pool to the Snake River - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Niagara Springs Wildlife Management Area – except Snake River

- Trout limit is 2

Salmon Falls Creek Reservoir

- Walleye limit is 6; only one over 20 inches

Silver Creek - No motors

Section: From its mouth upstream to Highway 93 - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Section: From Highway 93 upstream to the County Road Bridge north of Picabo (See Page 26, 4 on the Silver Creek map)

- All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream
- December 1 through the last day of February – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- March 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6

Section: From the County Road Bridge north of Picabo upstream to the bridge near milepost 187.2 on Highway 20 west of Picabo (See Page 26, 3 on the Silver Creek map)

- No motors
- All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream
- December 1 through the last day of February – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- March 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Section: From the bridge near milepost 187.2 on Highway 20 west of Picabo upstream to the road right-of-way fence on the west side of Kilpatrick Bridge (See Page 26, 2 on the Silver Creek map)

- No motors
- All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream
- No fishing from rafts or boats; float tubes are allowed
- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly or lure

Section: From the road right-of-way on the west side of Kilpatrick Bridge upstream and within the Nature Conservancy (See Page 26, 1 on the Silver Creek map)

- No motors
- All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream
- No fishing from rafts or boats; float tubes are allowed
- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, fly-fishing only, no bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly

Silver Creek tributaries

Section: All tributaries except those within the Nature Conservancy Silver Creek Preserve and posted Hayspur Fish Hatchery waters

- No motors
- All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream
- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2

Section: All tributaries within the Nature Conservancy Silver Creek Preserve property

- No motors
- All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream
- No fishing from rafts or boats; float tubes are allowed
- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend—closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30—trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, fly-fishing only, no bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly

Section: The posted sections of Loving and Butte creeks on Hayspur Fish Hatchery property

- No motors
- All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream
- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing.
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30—trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Snake River

Section: From Lower Salmon Falls Dam (Bell Rapids area) upstream to Upper Salmon Falls Dam (0.3 miles below Owsley Bridge)

- January 1 through June 30 - bass limit is 0, catch-and-release
- July 1 through December 31 - bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

All other sections of the Snake River including reservoirs within the Magic Valley Region - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Sublett Reservoir (see also Sublett Reservoir tributaries)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6

Sublett Reservoir tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 2

Trinity Lakes - No motors

Vardis Fisher Pond (Billingsley Creek State Park)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed

Vineyard Creek

- November 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through October 31 - trout limit is 2

Willow Creek (tributary to Camas Creek)

- Trout limit is 2



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For the application and information on fees, go to:

idfg.idaho.gov/fish/tournament

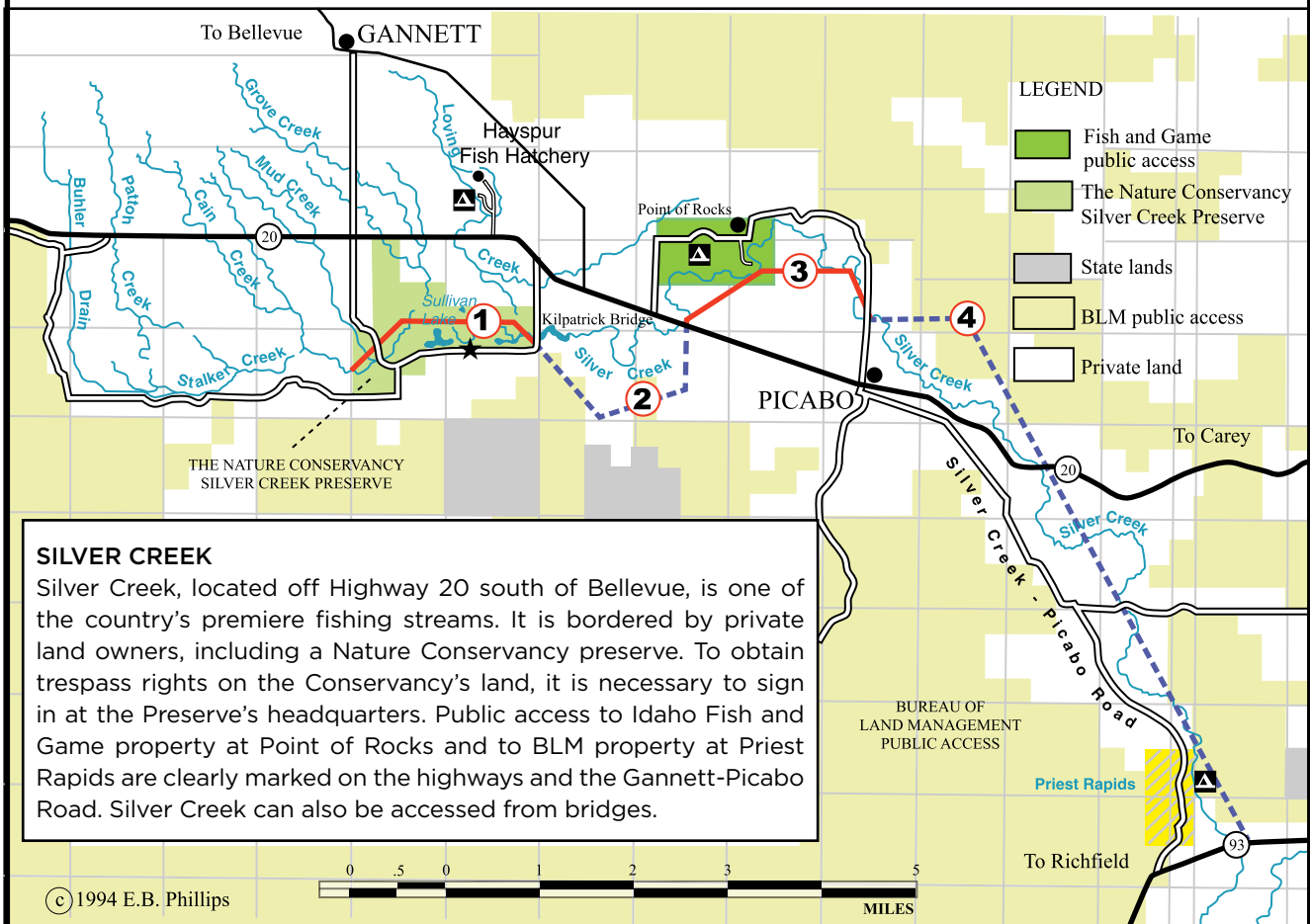
Silver Creek Fishing Guide

Look for Signs!

1. Fly fishing only. Catch-and-release. No fishing from raft or boat.
★ Sign in at the Nature Conservancy Preserve headquarters before accessing their property.
2. Catch-and-release. No bait allowed. No fishing from raft or boat.
3. Two trout limit. All trout 12 - 16 inches must be released. Bait allowed.
4. Six fish allowed.

See Pages 24-25 for detailed locations and complete listing of exceptions.

All tributaries **except** within the Nature Conservancy and Hayspur Hatchery grounds: 2 trout limit.



Southeast Region

General Fishing Season for the Southeast Region

All Waters Open All Year
except as modified in Southeast Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 29-30.
Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Southeast Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Southeast Region except as modified in Southeast Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 29-30. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (largemouth and smallmouth)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined
- None under 14 inches

Brook Trout

- Brook trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for brook trout

Cisco (Bear Lake only)

- Cisco limit is 30

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 6

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks and sliding sinkers are required, see Page 52 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes brown trout, lake trout, cutthroat trout, rainbow trout, and trout hybrids

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined
- In rivers and streams, only 2 of the 6 trout may be cutthroat trout

Does not include brook trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish includes leatherside chub, bluehead sucker and Bear Lake sculpin

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish

- No bag, size or possession limit

*Check for potential fish consumption advisories.
See Page 53.*

Special Rule Waters for the Southeast Region (see Pages 29-30 for details)

American Falls Reservoir
Bannock Reservoir
Bear Lake
Bear River
Bear River tributaries
Blackfoot Reservoir
Blackfoot River and tributaries
Chesterfield Reservoir
Condie Reservoir
Daniels Reservoir
Deep Creek Reservoir
Diamond Creek and tributaries

Dike Lake
Edson Fichter Pond
Fish Haven Creek
First Creek
Fort Hall Indian Reservation
Foster Reservoir
Glendale Reservoir
Kokanee Creek
Lanes Creek and tributaries
Little Blackfoot River and tributaries
McCoy Creek and tributaries
Montpelier Reservoir

Montpelier Rearing Pond
Oneida Reservoir
Portneuf River
Rose Pond
St. Charles Creek
Slug Creek and tributaries
Snake River
Springfield Reservoir
Treasureton Reservoir
Twenty-Four Mile Reservoir
Weston Reservoir
Winder Reservoir

Special Rule Waters For the Southeast Region

See Page 28 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Southeast Region except as listed below.

American Falls Reservoir

- Bass limit is 2; any size

Bannock Reservoir - no motors Wellness Complex (Pocatello)

- Two fish any species

Bear Lake

- From the mouth of St. Charles Creek for a radius of 300 yards into the lake is closed to fishing from April 16 through June 30
- Not more than 2 baited hooks, flies, or lures per line.
- One line only when ice fishing. Two-lines permitted when ice fishing with a two-pole permit
- Trout limit is 2; only cutthroat trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept (See Page 43)
- Cisco limit is 30; dip-netting permitted January 1 through February 15. Dip nets no larger than 18 inches in any dimension. Any size hole may be cut through the ice to catch cisco
- Whitefish limit is 10

Bear River

Section: From the Utah state line upstream to Oneida Dam

- Trout limit is 2, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- Bass limit is 6; any size

Section: From the confluence with Oneida Reservoir upstream to the Wyoming state line

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Bear River tributaries (all tributaries including the Cub River and Thomas Fork Bear River)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Blackfoot Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Blackfoot River and tributaries

Section: From the confluence with the Snake River upstream to Blackfoot Dam (Government Dam) - Southeast Region general rules apply

Section: Upstream from Blackfoot Reservoir

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Chesterfield Reservoir

- Trout limit is 2

Condie Reservoir

- Bass limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Daniels Reservoir

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- One line only when ice fishing
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Deep Creek Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be cutthroat trout

Diamond Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Dike Lake - No motors

Edson Fichter Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Fish Haven Creek

Section: From the confluence with Bear Lake upstream to the Cache National Forest boundary

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - Southeast Region general rules apply

Section: Fish Haven Creek upstream of the Cache National Forest boundary - Southeast Region general rules apply

First Creek

- December 1 through June 14 - closed to fishing
- June 15 through November 30 - Southeast Region general rules apply

Fort Hall Indian Reservation - contact Shoshone-Bannock Tribal Office

Foster Reservoir - Electric motors only

Glendale Reservoir

- Bass limit is 2, none under 16 inches

Kokanee Creek - Tributary to Bannock Reservoir

- Closed to fishing

Lanes Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Little Blackfoot River and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

McCoy Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Montpelier Reservoir - Electric motors only

Montpelier Rearing Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Oneida Reservoir

- Walleye limit is 6
- Bass limit is 6; any size

Portneuf River

Section: In Lava Hot Springs, from the Center Street Bridge upstream to the East Main Street Bridge

- Closed to fishing

Section: From above East Main Street bridge in Lava Hot Springs upstream to Chesterfield Reservoir

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

All other sections of the Portneuf River: except for within the Fort Hall Indian Reservation (contact Shoshone-Bannock Tribal Office): Southeast Region general rules apply

Rose Pond -Electric motors only

St. Charles Creek

Section: Both forks of St. Charles Creek upstream to the Cache National Forest boundary

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - Southeast Region general rules apply

Section: St. Charles Creek upstream of Cache National Forest boundary - Southeast Region general rules apply

Slug Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout, no bait allowed

Snake River

Section: From the downstream side of the Gifford Springs boat fishing zone (western boundary) upstream to Eagle Rock

- Bass limit is 2, any size may be kept
- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be cutthroat trout

Section: From Eagle Rock upstream to American Falls Dam

- October 16 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – limit is 0 for game fish species, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through October 15 – bass limit is 2, any size; trout limit is 6, only 2 may be cutthroat trout, only 2 trout over 16 inches

Section: From American Falls Reservoir upstream to Gem Lake dam

- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be cutthroat trout
- Bass limit is 2; any size

Springfield Reservoir

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- One line only when ice fishing
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Treasureton Reservoir

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No size or bag limit on bass
- One line only when ice fishing
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Twenty-Four Mile Reservoir - No motors

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- One line only when ice fishing
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Weston Reservoir

- No fishing from boats or rafts, float tubes allowed
- January 1 through June 30 - bass limit is 0, catch-and-release
- July 1 through December 31 - bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Winder Reservoir - No motors

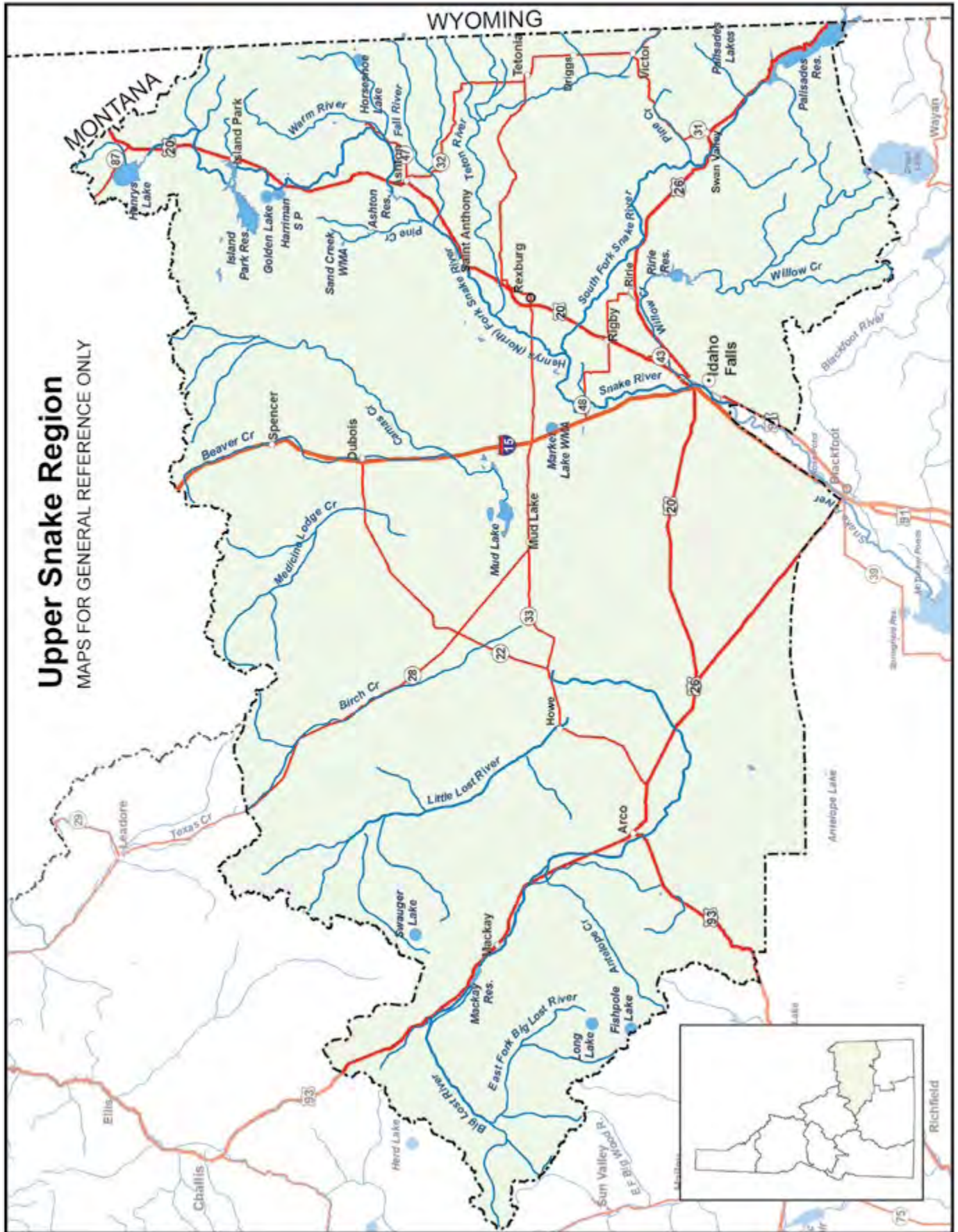


Explore and plan your fishing adventure. Search by location, species, access, facilities, or type of fishing experience. Links to maps and more!

idfg.idaho.gov

Upper Snake Region

MAPS FOR GENERAL REFERENCE ONLY



Upper Snake Region

General Fishing Season for the Upper Snake Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Upper Snake Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 33-34.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Upper Snake Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Upper Snake Region except as modified in Upper Snake Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 33-34. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (largemouth and smallmouth)

- Bass limit is 6; both species combined

Brook Trout

- Brook trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for brook trout

Bull Trout

- Bull trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- **No bull trout harvest is allowed**

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 15

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks and sliding sinkers are required, see Page 52 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes brown trout, golden trout, lake trout, splake, Arctic grayling, cutthroat trout, rainbow trout, and trout hybrids (e.g. tiger trout)

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined

Does not include bull trout and brook trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25 – see Big Lost River exception
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish including leatherside chub and bluehead sucker

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 53.

Special Rule Waters for the Upper Snake Region (see Pages 33-34 for details)

Beaver Creek and tributaries
Becker Pond (Ryder Park Pond)
Big Lost River and tributaries
Burns Creek (see South Fork Snake River tributaries)
Dry Beds (Snake River)
Fall River and tributaries
Fish Creek (Harriman State Park)
Fishpole Lake (Custer County)
Fox Creek (see Teton River tributaries)
Golden Lake (Harriman State Park)
Hell Creek (see Willow Creek tributaries)
Henrys Fork (Snake River, North Fork)
Henrys Fork tributaries (excluding Thurmon Creek, Warm River and the Fall River)
Jim Moore Pond
Henrys Lake
Henrys Lake Outlet

Henrys Lake tributaries
Horseshoe Lake (Fremont County)
Lava Creek (see Willow Creek tributaries)
Little Lost River and tributaries
Long Lake (Custer County)
Market Lake Wildlife Management Area
McCoy Creek (see Palisades Reservoir tributaries)
Medicine Lodge Creek and tributaries
Mud Lake
Palisades Creek (see South Fork Snake River tributaries)
Palisades Lakes
Palisades Reservoir tributaries
Pine Creek (see South Fork Snake River tributaries)
Rainey Creek (see South Fork Snake River tributaries)
Ririe Reservoir

Sand Creek Wildlife Management Area
Sellars Creek (see Willow Creek tributaries)
Silver Lake (Harriman State Park)
Snake River
South Fork Snake River
South Fork Snake River tributaries
Swauger Lake (Custer County)
Teardrop Lake
Teton Creek (see Teton River tributaries)
Teton River
Teton River tributaries
Thurmon Creek (Harriman State Park)
Trail Creek (see Teton River tributaries)
Warm River and tributaries
Willow Creek
Willow Creek tributaries

Special Rule Waters For the Upper Snake Region

See Page 32 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Upper Snake Region except as listed below.

Beaver Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Becker Pond (Ryder Park Pond)

- Two fish any species

Big Lost River and tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release; whitefish limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6; whitefish limit is 0, catch-and-release

Dry Beds (Snake River)

Section: From the Highway 48 bridge upstream to the Great Feeder irrigation diversion headgate

- May 1 through March 31 – Upper Snake Region general rules apply
- April 1 through April 30 – it is legal to take fish with dip nets, by snagging or by hand – Upper Snake Region bag limits apply

Fall River and tributaries

- Limit is 2 trout; no harvest of cutthroat trout

Fish Creek (Harriman State Park)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- Fly-fishing only

Fishpole Lake (an alpine lake in Custer County)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Golden Lake (Harriman State Park)

- Closed to fishing

Henrys Fork (Snake River, North Fork)

Section: South Fork Snake River/Henrys Fork upstream to Vernon Bridge

- Trout limit is 2; no harvest of cutthroat trout

Section: From Vernon Bridge upstream to Ashton Dam

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0; catch-and-release only
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Section: From Highway 20 bridge upstream to the posted boundary upstream of Riverside Campground

- Trout limit is 2, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Section: From the posted boundary upstream of the Riverside Campground upstream to the lower Harriman State Park boundary

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Section: From the lower Harriman State Park boundary upstream to the upper Harriman State Park boundary (Harriman Ranch)

- December 1 through June 14 – closed to fishing
- June 15 through November 30 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, fly fishing only, barbless hooks required

Section: From the upper Harriman State Park boundary to Island Park Dam

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Section: From McCrea Bridge upstream to the Henrys Lake Outlet

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, only 2 may be cutthroat trout, no cutthroat trout under 16 inches

Section: From Henrys Lake Outlet upstream to the head of Big Springs

- Closed to fishing

All other sections of Henrys Fork including Ashton and Island Park Reservoirs – Upper Snake Region general rules apply

Henrys Fork tributaries (except Warm River, Fall River, and Thurmon Creek)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Henrys Lake

Section: Those portions of the lake within the posted boundaries of Staley Springs and within 100 yards of Hatchery Creek

- Closed to fishing

Remainder of Henrys Lake

- January 2 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – Closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through January 1 – trout limit is 2, brook trout must be counted in the trout limit
- Fishing may not continue after 2 trout have been reduced to possession

Henrys Lake Outlet

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, only 2 may be cutthroat trout, no cutthroat trout under 16 inches

Henrys Lake tributaries

- July 1 through March 31 – no harvest of cutthroat trout; brook trout limit is 25; only two brook trout over 16 inches
- April 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing
- Hatchery Creek – closed to fishing

Horseshoe Lake (Fremont County) - no motors

- Trout limit is 2

Jim Moore Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Little Lost River and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Long Lake (an alpine lake in Custer County)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Market Lake Wildlife Management Area

- March 1 through July 15 – no boats, rafts or float tubes

Medicine Lodge Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2; no harvest of cutthroat trout

Mud Lake (west of the posted boundary which runs north and south from McKenzie Point)

- March 1 through July 15 – no boats, rafts or float tubes

Palisades Lakes

(alpine lakes in the Palisades Creek drainage)

- Trout limit is 2

Palisades Reservoir tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout
- No harvest of kokanee

Ririe Reservoir

- Ice fishing is restricted to the area from the dam to the posted boundary about 1 mile upstream

Sand Creek Wildlife Management Area

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through July 15 – no boats, rafts or float tubes
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – motorized watercraft prohibited

Additional closures to protect wildlife may be in effect. Call the Upper Snake Regional Office at 208-525-7290 for the latest information.

Silver Lake (Harriman State Park)

- Closed to fishing

Snake River

Section: American Falls Reservoir upstream to Gem Lake Dam

- Bass limit is 2; any size

Section: Gem Lake Dam to Osgood Diversion

- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be cutthroat trout

Section: Osgood Diversion upstream to the confluence of Henrys Fork (North and South Fork)

- Trout limit is 2; no harvest of cutthroat trout

South Fork Snake River

- No harvest of cutthroat trout
- Brown trout limit is 2, none under 16 inches
- No limit on rainbow trout or trout hybrids

South Fork Snake River tributaries

- No harvest of cutthroat trout
- No limit on rainbow trout or trout hybrids
- June 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing

Swauger Lake (an alpine lake in Custer County)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Teardrop Lake

- Trout limit is 2

Teton River

- No limit on rainbow trout or hybrids
- No harvest of cutthroat trout

Teton River tributaries

- No harvest of cutthroat trout
- No limit on rainbow trout or hybrids
- June 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing

Thurmon Creek (Harriman State Park)

- Closed to fishing

Warm River and tributaries

Section: Within the posted boundaries from the bridge near the Parker (Schueller) Cabin to the mouth of Robinson Creek upstream to State Highway 47 bridge

- Closed to fishing

All other sections of the Warm River

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend, trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Willow Creek

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Willow Creek tributaries

- No harvest of cutthroat trout
- No limit on rainbow trout or hybrids
- June 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing



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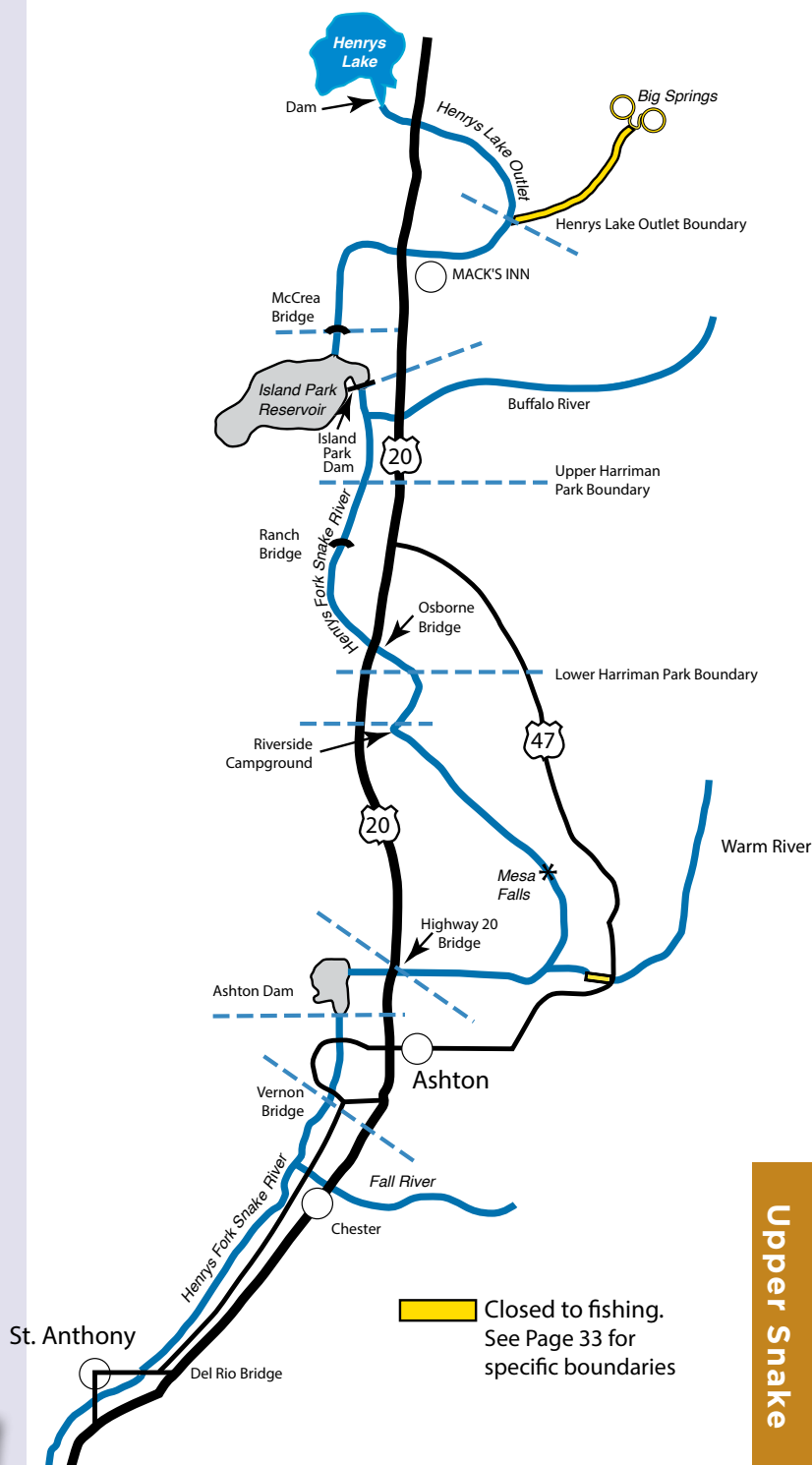
South Fork Snake and Teton Rivers Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout Fishery

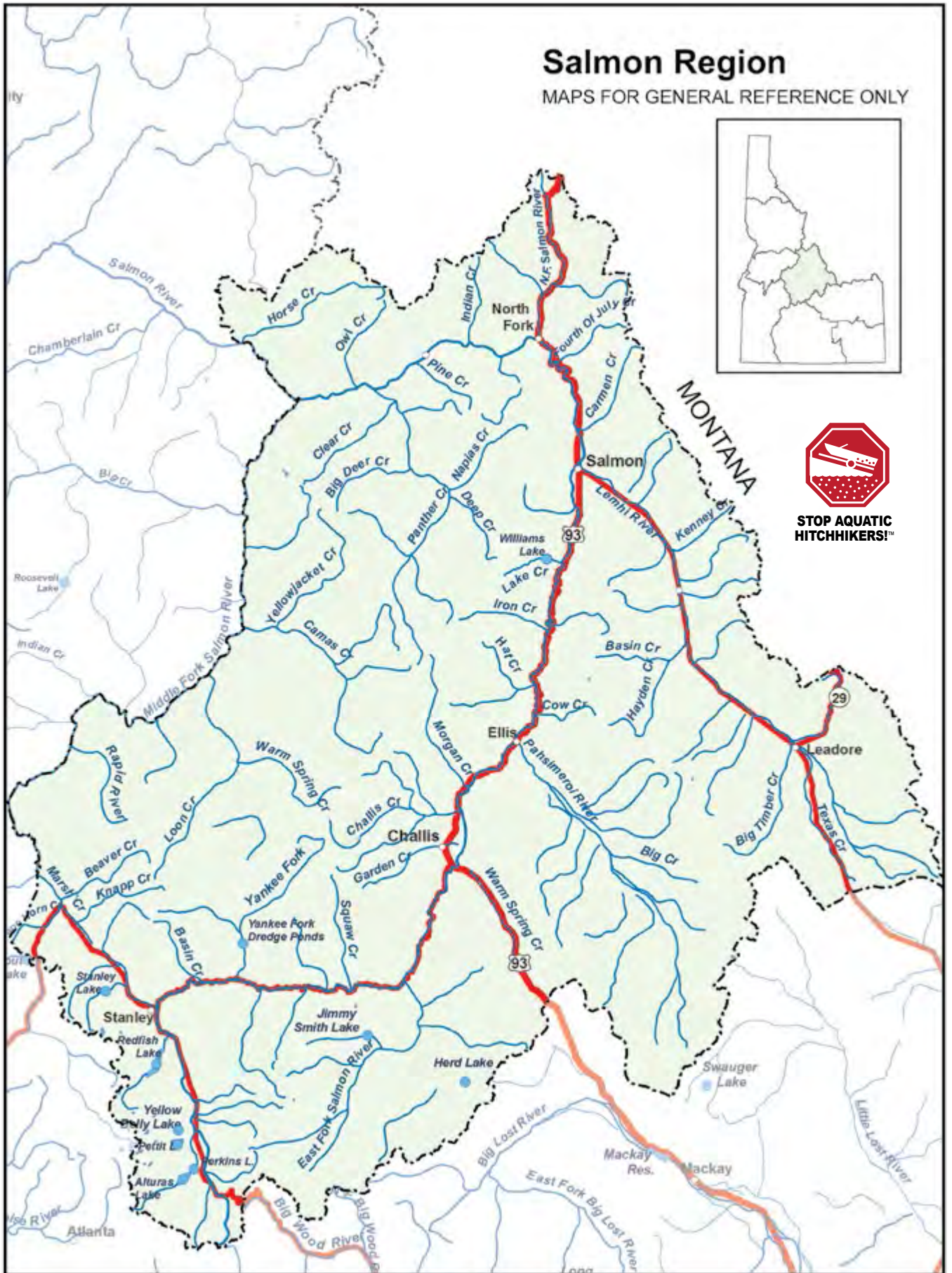
Native Yellowstone cutthroat trout are highly valued by South Fork anglers for their aggressive nature and fast growth. Non-native rainbow trout not only compete with Yellowstone cutthroat trout, but they also interbreed with them, producing hybrids. Hybridization is a serious threat to the native cutthroat trout fishery. Idaho Fish and Game is attempting to minimize the level of hybridization in the South Fork by encouraging anglers to harvest rainbow trout, and by using traps to prevent rainbows from spawning in important cutthroat trout spawning tributaries. With your support, these efforts will help ensure this healthy Yellowstone cutthroat population and unique angling opportunity will be around for generations to come. So enjoy a shore lunch, or take some South Fork rainbow trout home for dinner – you'll be doing the fishery a favor!

Hybrid description: Cutthroat/rainbow trout hybrids display variable color and markings representing a range of shared characteristics from rainbow and cutthroat trout. All hybrids show spotting patterns similar to rainbow trout with spots more evenly distributed from head to tail and above and below the lateral line. **Yellowstone cutthroat/rainbow trout hybrids in the South Fork Snake River drainage are most easily identified by the presence of white fin tips.**



Henrys Fork (Snake River, North Fork) See Page 33 for specific boundaries.





Salmon Region

General Fishing Season for the Salmon Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Salmon Region Special Rule Waters on Page 38.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Salmon Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Salmon Region except as modified in Salmon Region Special Rule Waters on Page 38. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (largemouth and smallmouth)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined

Brook Trout

- Brook trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for brook trout

Bull Trout

- Bull trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- **No bull trout harvest is allowed**

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 25

Salmon (ocean-going)

- Salmon seasons and limits are set annually by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission and rules are issued in a separate brochure
- Fishing for or targeting salmon is prohibited unless a salmon season is specifically opened for that water

Steelhead (ocean-going)

- Defined as rainbow trout longer than twenty (20) inches in length in the Salmon River drainage (excluding the Lemhi and Pahsimeroi rivers, lakes, and ponds)
- Fishing for or targeting steelhead is prohibited unless a steelhead season is specifically opened for that water (see pages 39-43)

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks and sliding sinkers are required, see Page 52 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes lake trout, golden trout, Arctic grayling, cutthroat trout, rainbow trout, trout hybrids, and sunapee

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined
- Chinook salmon placed in ponds are considered in the trout bag limit.

Does not include bull trout and brook trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish including Pacific lamprey

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 53.

Special Rule Waters for the Salmon Region (see Page 38 for details)

East Fork Salmon River, see Salmon River
East Fork
Herd Lake
Jimmy Smith Lake
Lake Creek and tributaries (Lemhi County)
Lemhi River
Middle Fork Salmon River see Salmon River, Middle Fork

North Fork Salmon River see
Salmon River, North Fork
Pahsimeroi River
Redfish Lake
Salmon River
Salmon River tributaries
Salmon River, East Fork
Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries

Salmon River, North Fork
Salmon River, Yankee Fork and
West Fork Yankee Fork
Wallace Lake
Yankee Fork Salmon River
Dredge Ponds
Yankee Fork Salmon River see
Salmon River, Yankee Fork

Special Rule Waters For the Salmon Region

See Page 37 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Salmon Region except as listed below.

East Fork Salmon River (see Salmon River, East Fork)

Herd Lake

- Trout limit is 25

Jimmy Smith Lake

- Trout limit is 25

Lake Creek and tributaries (above Williams Lake)

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing upstream from the posted boundary at Williams Lake
- July 1 through November 30 - Salmon Region general rules apply

Lemhi River

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout, no trout under 14 inches

Lemhi River tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Middle Fork Salmon River

(see Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries)

North Fork Salmon River

(see Salmon River, North Fork)

Pahsimeroi River

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout, no trout under 14 inches

Pahsimeroi River tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Redfish Lake

- January 1 through August 7 - Salmon Region general rules apply
- August 8 through December 31 - kokanee limit is 0, catch-and-release

Salmon River

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept

Salmon River tributaries

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Salmon River upstream to the mouth of the Middle Fork Salmon River (except Crooked Creek, Little Salmon River, and South Fork Salmon River)

- Trout limit is 2

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Middle Fork Salmon River upstream (except: North Fork Salmon River, Lemhi, Pahsimeroi, East Fork Salmon River, and Yankee Fork Salmon River)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - Salmon Region general rules apply

Salmon River, East Fork

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Salmon River, East Fork tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Salmon River, Middle Fork and all tributaries

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Salmon River, North Fork

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Salmon River, North Fork tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Salmon River, Yankee Fork and West Fork Yankee Fork

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of cutthroat trout

Salmon River, Yankee Fork tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Wallace Lake

- Trout limit is 2

Yankee Fork Salmon River Dredge Ponds

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - Salmon Region general rules apply

Yankee Fork Salmon River

(see Salmon River, Yankee Fork)

Steelhead and Salmon Rules and Information

Anyone fishing for anadromous salmon and/or steelhead, except those expressly exempt, must have a valid fishing license and salmon and/or steelhead permit(s) on his/ her person. These license and permit requirements also apply when fishing for hatchery salmon or steelhead stocked by Idaho Fish and Game in the Boise River or Hells Canyon Reservoir.

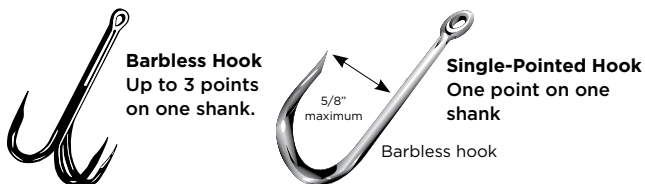
Any person who does not qualify as a resident (see Page 61) must purchase either a nonresident season fishing license and a full-season salmon and/or steelhead permit or a nonresident 3-day salmon/steelhead license/permit.

Children (including nonresident children) under the age of 14 are exempt from purchasing salmon and steelhead permits. They may fish without permits if they are accompanied by a valid permit holder, provided that any fish caught must be recorded on the permit holder's card and counted in the permit holder's legal bag, possession and season limit. A resident child under 14 may purchase permits without a license so that they may catch their own limit(s) of salmon and/or steelhead.

Any non-resident under the age of 18 may purchase a junior non-resident fishing license and appropriate permit so they may catch their own limit of salmon or steelhead.

Methods of Take

- Any angler, who has attained the bag, possession, or season limit on those waters with salmon or steelhead limits, must cease fishing for salmon or steelhead including catch-and-release fishing.



- Only single-pointed barbless hooks are allowed when fishing for salmon or steelhead in the South Fork Clearwater River.
- No person shall kill or retain in possession any salmon or steelhead which has been hooked other than in the mouth or jaw. Any salmon or steelhead hooked other than in the mouth or jaw must be released. See snagging definition on Page 47.
- Salmon and steelhead may be taken with barbed hooks in the Boise River and the Snake River between Hells Canyon and Oxbow dams.
- Only barbless hooks with a maximum 5/8 inch gap between shank and point may be used when fishing for

salmon or steelhead in the Salmon and Clearwater river drainages and the Snake River below Hells Canyon Dam. Bending the barb(s) down to the shank of a single, double, or treble hook will meet this requirement.

Please Note

- Fishing for or targeting salmon or steelhead is prohibited unless a season is specifically opened for the species on that water.
- Steelhead with an intact adipose fin cannot be reduced to possession and must be released. Prior to September 1 each year Chinook salmon with an intact adipose fin cannot be reduced to possession and must be released.
- Anglers should refer to season proclamations to determine if Chinook and coho salmon with an intact adipose fin can be retained beginning September 1 each year.
- Any anadromous salmon or steelhead that is being reduced to possession must be killed immediately. Otherwise, the fish must be released upon landing.
- All fish that are hooked, landed, and reduced to possession shall be counted in the limit of the person hooking the fish. Daily and possession limits for adult Chinook salmon (24 or more inches in length) and jack salmon (less than 24 inches in length) may differ and unless specifically stipulated otherwise by the Idaho Department of Fish and Game Commission for a season or waters, jack salmon are not included in the season limit and need not be entered on the anglers's permit.
- No person shall have in the field or in transit any salmon or steelhead from which the head or tail has been removed unless: 1) the angler is ashore and done fishing for the day; 2) the salmon or steelhead is properly recorded on the anglers permit; and 3) the fish is processed or packaged with the skin naturally attached to the flesh including a portion with a healed, clipped adipose fin scar or the adipose fin. The fish must be processed or packaged in a manner that the number of fish harvested can be readily determined. Processed salmon and steelhead cannot be transported by boat.
- Steelhead harvest and angler participation are estimated by a telephone survey conducted within a few weeks after the season closes. You may be called and asked about your effort and success. Please save your permit until three months after the season has closed or until you are contacted by Idaho Fish and Game.

Prepare to Release!

Help ensure survival of released salmon and steelhead

- Use proper sized gear and keep fight time to a minimum
- Do not pull fish onto rock, sand, or dirt banks—instead, use a net or "tail" the fish
- Minimize time out of water
- Do not handle the fish by the gills
- If necessary, revive the fish by gently holding it in the water

River Location Codes

Snake River

Snake River, downstream from Salmon River.....	01
Snake River, from Salmon River to Hells Canyon Dam	02
Snake River, Hells Canyon Dam to Oxbow Dam.....	27

Clearwater River

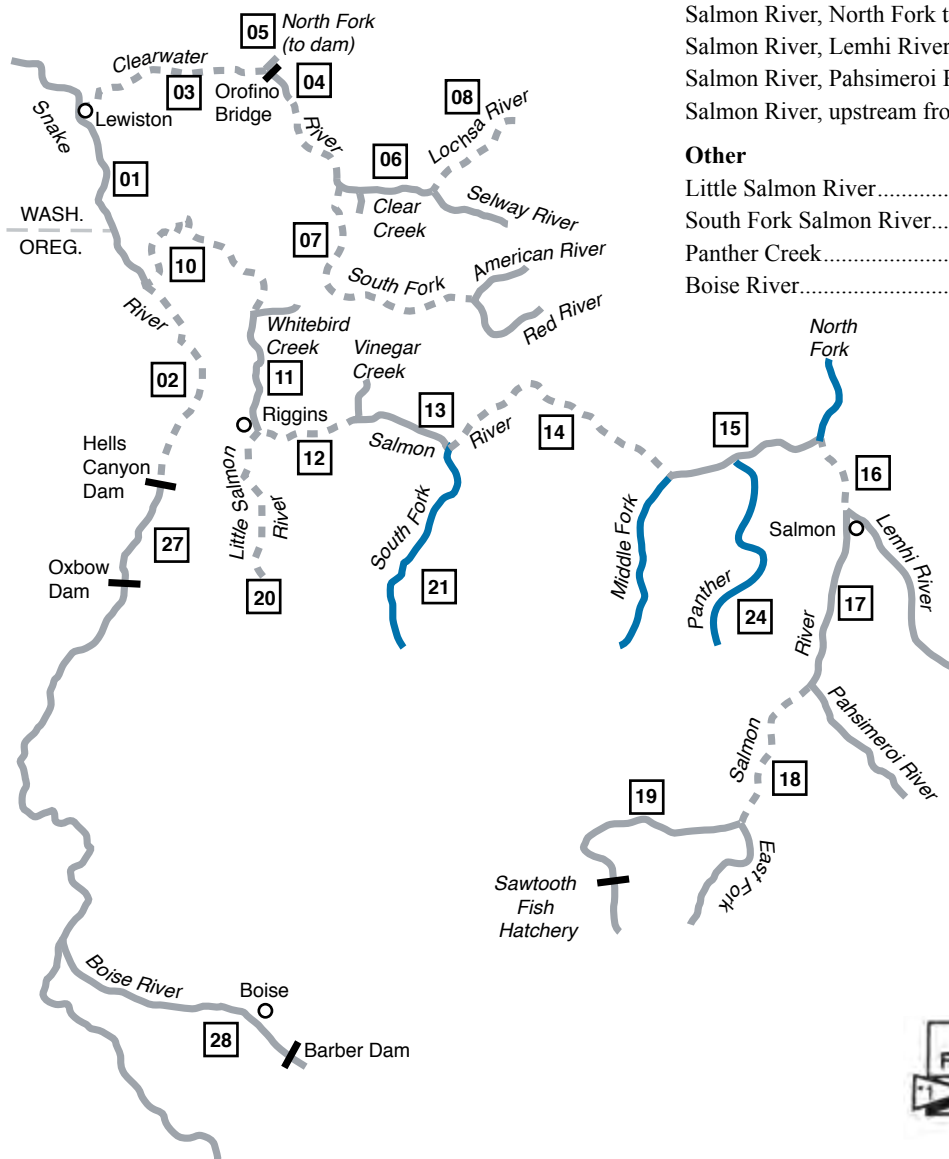
Clearwater River, downstream from Orofino Bridge.....	03
Clearwater River, upstream from Orofino Bridge.....	04
North Fork Clearwater River	05
Middle Fork Clearwater River	06
South Fork Clearwater River	07
Lochsa River	08

Salmon River

Salmon River, downstream from Whitebird Creek.....	10
Salmon River, Whitebird Creek to Little Salmon	11
Salmon River, Little Salmon to Vinegar Creek	12
Salmon River, Vinegar Creek to South Fork	13
Salmon River, South Fork to Middle Fork	14
Salmon River, Middle Fork to North Fork	15
Salmon River, North Fork to Lemhi River	16
Salmon River, Lemhi River to Pahsimeroi River	17
Salmon River, Pahsimeroi River to East Fork	18
Salmon River, upstream from the East Fork.....	19

Other

Little Salmon River.....	20
South Fork Salmon River.....	21
Panther Creek.....	24
Boise River.....	28



Permit Validation

When a steelhead or salmon has been hooked, landed and reduced to possession, the angler hooking the fish must immediately:

- Completely remove one numbered notch (*) from the permit in correct season column;
- Look up the number code from the River Location Code list and write it in the space provided; and
- Enter the month and day the fish was harvested.

Fish/Bird	Month/Day	Location Code
*1	6/01	07

REMOVE NOTCH

Steelhead Seasons and Limits

River Section	Spring Season 20 fish per season						Fall Season 20 fish per season					
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Clearwater River from its mouth upstream to the Memorial Bridge of U.S. Highway 12 at Lewiston.	Jan 1 - Apr 30 3 per day, 9 in possession				Closed to steelhead fishing		Jul 1 - 31 Catch-and-Release	Aug 1 - Dec 31 2 per day, 6 in possession				
Clearwater River: Mainstem and Middle Fork Clearwater River from the Memorial Bridge of U.S. Highway 12 at Lewiston upstream to Clear Creek.	Jan 1 - Apr 30 3 per day, 9 in possession				Closed to steelhead fishing		Jul 1 - Oct 14 Catch-and-Release			Oct 15 - Dec 31 2 per day, 6 in possession		
Closures: Fishing is prohibited between posted boundaries about 100 yards upstream and downstream from the Nez Perce Tribal Hatchery Ladder and extending into the river channel about 50 yards. Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited . Fishing from motorized watercraft is prohibited from the Clearwater River Bridge at Orofino upstream to the confluence of the Selway and Lochsa rivers from Sep 1 - Apr 30.												
North Fork Clearwater River from its mouth upstream to Dworshak Dam.	Jan 1 - Apr 30 3 per day, 9 in possession				Closed to steelhead fishing				Sept 1 - Dec 31 2 per day, 6 in possession			
Closures: Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited . Fishing from any watercraft or wading is prohibited between the posted line about 150 yards upstream from the mouth of the North Fork Clearwater River and the Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge. When fishing from the Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge, it is illegal to take any fish downstream of the railroad bridge. Fishing from the railroad bridge is prohibited .												
South Fork Clearwater River from its mouth upstream to the confluence of American and Red rivers.	Jan 1 - Apr 30 3 per day, 9 in possession.				Closed to steelhead fishing		Jul 1 - Oct 14 Catch-and-Release.			Oct 15 - Dec 31 2 per day, 6 in possession.		
Note: Only single-pointed barbless hooks are allowed when fishing for steelhead or salmon												
Salmon River from its mouth upstream to the Lake Creek Bridge (about 6 miles upstream from the mouth of the Little Salmon River).	Jan 1 - Apr 30 3 per day, 9 in possession				Closed to steelhead fishing		Aug 1 - Aug 31 Catch-and-Release	Sep 1 - Dec 31 3 per day, 9 in possession				
Salmon River from the Lake Creek Bridge to Long Tom Creek (3/4 mile upstream from the Middle Fork Salmon River).	Jan 1 - Mar 31 3 per day, 9 in possession			Closed to steelhead fishing								
Salmon River from Long Tom Creek (3/4 mile upstream from the Middle Fork Salmon River) to posted boundary 100 yards downstream of Sawtooth Hatchery.	Jan 1 - Apr 30 3 per day, 9 in possession				Closed to steelhead fishing							

Salmon seasons and bag limits will be set annually
by the Idaho Department of Fish and Game Commission.

NOTE: Seasons and bag limits may be changed by emergency Commission or Director action. Please consult our webpage, license vendors, or regional offices for changes to rules published in this document.

Steelhead Seasons and Limits

River Section	Spring Season 20 fish per season						Fall Season 20 fish per season					
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Little Salmon River from its mouth upstream to the U.S. Highway 95 bridge near Smokey Boulder road.	Jan 1 - May 15 3 per day, 9 in possession				Closed to steelhead fishing		Aug 1 - Aug 31 Catch-and-Release	Sep 1 - Dec 31 3 per day, 9 in possession				
Snake River from the Washington State line at the confluence of the Snake and Clearwater Rivers upstream to Hells Canyon Dam.	Jan 1 - Apr 30 3 per day, 9 in possession			Closed to steel-head fishing								
Snake River from Hells Canyon Dam to Oxbow Dam, and Boise River from its mouth upstream to Barber Dam.	Jan 1 - May 31 3 per day, 9 in possession				Not present			Sep 1 - Dec 31 3 per day, 9 in possession				
Adult steelhead are only present in the Boise River and the Snake River above Hells Canyon Dam when stocked by Idaho Fish and Game. Check with regional offices to determine if steelhead have been released that year. A steelhead permit is required to fish for and keep steelhead (rainbow trout longer than 20 inches with a clipped adipose fin). Limits are 3 per day and 9 in possession when steelhead are present. Barbless hooks are not required.												

When and Where you are expected to see Salmon and Steelhead in Idaho

Sockeye Salmon	Spring & Summer Chinook Salmon	Fall Chinook/Coho Salmon	Steelhead
July - September	April - September	August-December	July-May
Snake River below Hells Canyon Dam	Snake River below Hells Canyon Dam	Snake River below Hells Canyon Dam	Snake River & Tributaries below Hells Canyon Dam
Salmon River	Salmon River & Tributaries	Clearwater River	Clearwater River & Tributaries
Alturas Lake and Creek Pettit Lake and Creek Redfish Lake and Creek	Clearwater River & Tributaries (not listed but protected under state law)	Lower Salmon River	Salmon River & Tributaries

Salmon and Steelhead Fishing in Boundary Waters

The Snake River between Idaho, Oregon, or Washington: The holder of a valid Idaho fishing license and salmon or steelhead permit may fish for those species provided the season is open in the Snake River where it forms the boundary between the states of Idaho and Oregon or Washington, subject to the fish and game laws of Idaho, but may not fish from the shoreline, including wading, and may not fish in sloughs or tributaries on the Oregon or Washington side. Any Oregon or Washington license holder has the same rights and restrictions with reference to the Idaho side. Any angler who fishes on the Snake River or any other water forming an Idaho boundary is entitled to have in possession only the limit allowed by one license regardless of the number of licenses in possession.

Permit Validation

See page 40 for example.

When an adult salmon (24 or more inches in length) or steelhead (20 or more inches in length) has been hooked, landed, and reduced to possession (must be killed immediately), the angler hooking the fish must immediately:

1. Completely remove one numbered notch from the permit.
2. Look up the number code from the River Location Code list and write it in the space provided.
3. Enter the month and day the fish was harvested.

However, when a salmon or steelhead is released rather than reduced to possession, the angler is not required to make an entry on the permit.

Unless otherwise stipulated by the Idaho Department of Fish and Game Commission. Jack Chinook salmon (less than 24 inches in length) are not included in an anglers season limit and need not be entered on their permit.

Unclipped Adipose Fin

Steelhead with an unclipped adipose fin must be released. Prior to September 1 of each year, salmon with an unclipped adipose fin must be released. Between September 1 and December 31 each year, anglers should check Chinook and coho salmon season proclamations to determine if either of those species can be harvested with an intact adipose fin.

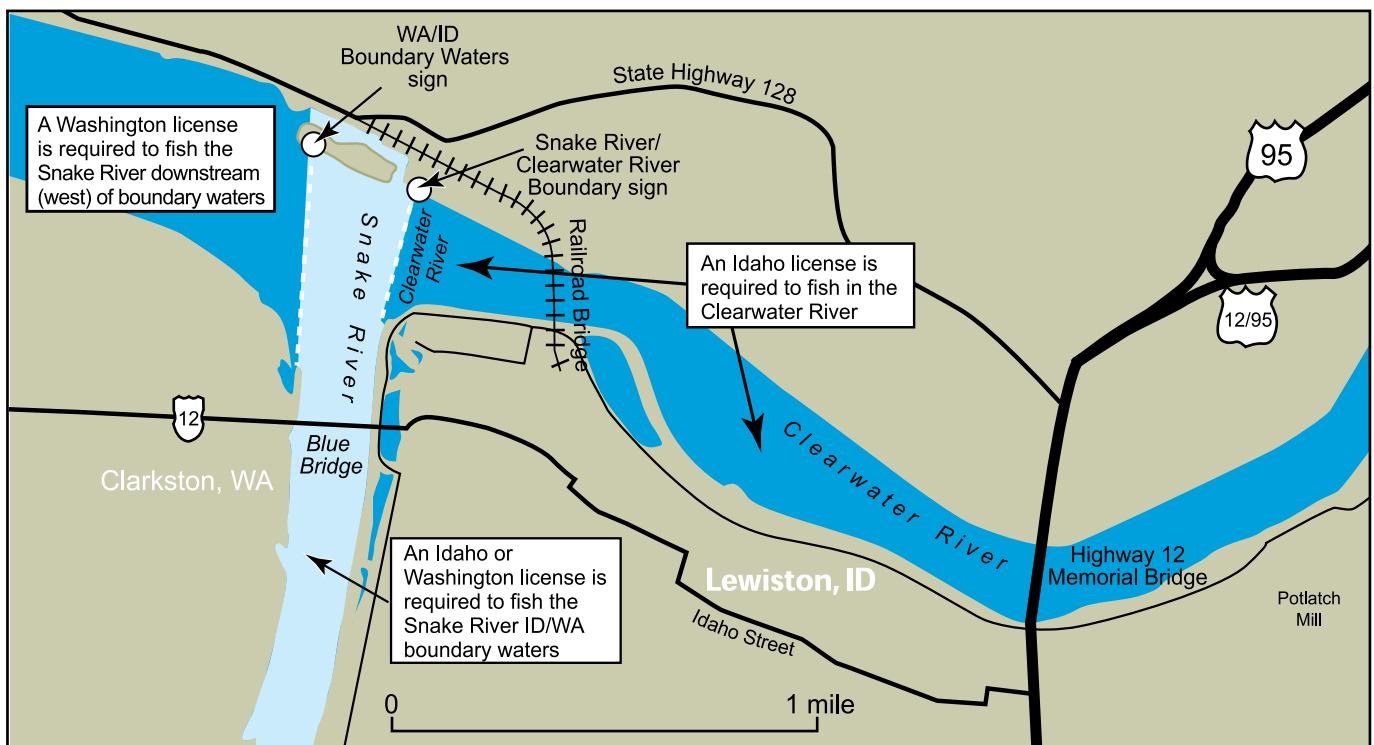


Clipped Adipose Fin

Hatchery steelhead or salmon may be kept if the adipose fin has been clipped as evidenced by a healed scar.



Washington/Idaho Fishing Waters Boundaries



Threatened and Endangered Species

Several of Idaho's fish species have been listed or have been petitioned for listing under the 1973 federal Endangered Species Act (ESA). Species are listed when population levels drop so low that they are at a high risk of extinction. Species listed under the ESA as either "Threatened" or "Endangered" are protected to reduce "take." While over-harvest has been a factor for some resident species, for the most part, these fish are in trouble because their habitat has been damaged or destroyed. Idaho Fish and Game encourages land and water management agencies to make decisions that will benefit fish and wildlife. However, the Idaho Fish and Game Commission's authority is restricted to either regulating harvest or stocking fish, so these are the only tools Idaho Fish and Game has to restore depleted populations or, in some cases, preserve future options.

Anadromous Salmon and Steelhead

Nearly all of Idaho's naturally-produced anadromous (ocean-going) salmon and steelhead are listed as "Threatened" or "Endangered" under the ESA. Naturally produced spring/summer and fall Chinook salmon and steelhead are listed as "Threatened." Sockeye salmon produced in Alturas, Pettit, and Redfish lakes in the Stanley Basin are listed as "Endangered." They are protected to prevent further declines in abundance. Snake River coho salmon were declared extinct in the mid-1980s but coho salmon have since been reintroduced into the Clearwater River. Neither natural spring/summer Chinook salmon nor reintroduced coho salmon in the Clearwater drainage are listed under the federal ESA, but are protected by state law.

Angler Be Aware!

Idaho steelhead harvest is restricted to only steelhead with a clipped adipose fin (ad-clipped) to help maximize harvest opportunity for hatchery produced fish without causing unacceptable loss of naturally produced steelhead. This approach, began in 1987, has allowed anglers to keep an annual average of 64,000 hatchery steelhead for the last 10 years. This approach is also used for hatchery Chinook salmon. Fin clipping allows anglers to differentiate between hatchery produced and wild salmon. This tool allows limited angling opportunity for hatchery Chinook salmon in Idaho while protecting naturally produced fish. Idaho has not had a fishery for wild Chinook salmon since 1978.

You may encounter "Threatened" and "Endangered" salmon and steelhead in Idaho's anadromous waters. Avoid fishing or boating in riffle areas where salmon and steelhead are seen or are likely to spawn. Carefully and quickly release any wild anadromous salmon or wild steelhead. Please help preserve "Threatened" and "Endangered" salmon and steelhead and also preserve your privilege to fish for other fish in waters used by federally protected anadromous salmon and steelhead.

Know the Difference

Refer to the illustrations starting on page 56 to make sure you can distinguish between a small salmon (which may not be harvested) and a juvenile rainbow trout. Small sockeye salmon will be bright silver when found in the Salmon River in the spring or early summer and must be released immediately. Because of their similarity to resident rainbow trout, most streams with populations of wild, juvenile steelhead have special rules to protect them, such as catch-and-release rules in the Middle Fork of the Salmon River drainage.

TAG! YOU'RE IT!



**Did you catch a tagged fish?
Here is how to report it.**

Website: tag.idaho.gov or call Fish Tag
Hotline (toll free): 1-866-258-0338

What to do when you catch a tagged fish:

Contact IDFG with this information:

- ◆ Tag number(s)
- ◆ Where the fish was caught
- ◆ Date caught
- ◆ Species
- ◆ Length of fish
- ◆ Did you keep or release the fish?



**Una sola aventura,
muchas maneras de vivirla.**

Porque cuando pescas y navegas, estás creando momentos inolvidables para toda la familia. Visítanos y descubre más.

 RECREATIONAL BOATING & FISHING FOUNDATION

 **VAMOSAPESCAR.org**

IDAHO'S TRESPASS LAW *Know Before You Go!*

No person may enter private land to hunt fish or trap without permission if the land is

- Cultivated
- OR Posted with "No Trespassing" or similar signage every 660 feet ($\frac{1}{8}$ th mile) or at all reasonable access points,
- OR Posted with 100 square inches of high visibility orange paint every 660 feet or at all reasonable access points,
- OR Posted with high visibility orange paint on the top 18 inches of a metal fence post every 660 feet or at all reasonable access points,
- OR Posted with signs where a public road enters and leaves property through or along which the public has a right-of-way.

Conviction of trespass on posted private property carries a mandatory one-year revocation of hunting/fishing/trapping licenses.

Federal law prohibits unauthorized trespass on Indian-owned reservation lands for hunting, fishing, or trapping purposes.

It is illegal for anyone to post public land that is not held under an exclusive control lease.

Refer to Idaho Code 36-1603

www.legislature.idaho.gov/idstat/Title36/T36.htm



General Fishing Information

Below are several terms, rules, and definitions used in this booklet. Please consult the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act webpage or Title 36 of the Idaho Code for more detail at <http://adminrules.idaho.gov/rules/current/13/index.html>.

Methods of Fishing and Equipment

Archery and Spear Fishing: Fishing with a bow and arrow, crossbow, spear or mechanical device, excluding firearms. This type of fishing is permitted only in the taking of bullfrogs and unprotected nongame fish and only in those waters during the season set for the taking of game fish.

Artificial Fly: Any fly made entirely of rubber, wood, metal, glass, feather, fiber or plastic by the method known as fly tying.

Artificial Lure: Any device made entirely of rubber, wood, metal, glass, feather, fiber, or plastic with hook or hooks attached. Bait of any kind may not be used with artificial lures when fishing artificial flies and lures-only waters.

Attendance of Fishing Gear: You must attend to your fishing gear while fishing. This means being able to watch your rod at all times and be able to react to a potential strike.

Bait: Organic substances, other than rubber, wood feather, fiber, or plastic, attached to a hook to attract fish. Bait includes insects, insect larvae, worms, dead fish, fish parts, any other animal or vegetable matter, or scented synthetic materials.

Note: Use of live fish, leeches, frogs, salamanders, waterdogs or shrimp as bait is prohibited in Idaho, except that live crayfish may be used if caught on the body of water being fished.

Bait Fishing: Fishing with any organic substance defined as "bait."

Barbless Hook: A fish hook without barbs or on which barbs have been bent completely closed (point of barbed area touches the body of the hook).

Catch-and-Release Fishing: Effort, by permitted methods, to catch or attempt to catch a fish or species of fish is legal, with the restriction that any fish or species of fish so caught must be released immediately, unharmed back to the water. Catch-and-release fishing is only allowed when a fishing season is open for that particular fish species. No released fish can be marked by any means including tags, fin clips, or injuring with an intent to leave a scar. **Note:** Species of fish not specifically listed as catch-and-release may be harvested under their appropriate limits.

Chumming: The use of any substance not attached to a hook that is intended to attract fish. It is illegal to chum while fishing in Idaho.

Closed to Fishing: No fishing of any type is allowed in the water body.

Contest/Tournament Fishing: An organized event based on the capture of individual fish where there is: a) a live fish weigh-in; or b) awards cash or prizes valued at \$1,000 or more based on number, size or species of fish captured; or c) is expected to draw 20 or more anglers. Contests for participants under the age of 14 are exempt. Any person, organization, club, business, partnership, corporation or other entity that sponsors a fishing contest must first obtain a fishing contest permit from IDFG. No harvest tournaments on native fish will be allowed. Applications can be obtained at any IDFG Office or from our website. Allow a minimum of 30 days for processing.

Disturbing Traps or Fishing Gear Belonging to Others: It is illegal to destroy, disturb, or remove any traps belonging to others.

Electric Motor Only: When fishing waters listed "electric motors only," gas (internal combustion) motors may be attached to the boat; but use of the gas motor is prohibited.

Fishing: Any effort made to take, kill, injure, capture, or catch any fish, crayfish, or bullfrog. All fishing in Idaho requires a valid fishing license except fishing in a private pond where the owner has a valid Private Pond Permit from Fish and Game.

Fishing Gear: It is illegal to fish in any waters of Idaho with more than one handline or pole with a line attached; or with two poles or lines without a two-pole permit; or with more than five poles or lines while ice fishing; or by archery, spearfishing, snagging, hands, and netting except as permitted. Not more than five hooks may be attached per line. The line or lines must be attended by the person fishing.

Fishing License: You must have in your possession a valid fishing license to fish in Idaho. You must produce your license or fish upon request of an agent of the Idaho Department of Fish and Game.

Fishing Shelter: Any enclosure or shelter used for fishing. If left unattended overnight on the ice of any water statewide, it shall have the owners' name, telephone number, and current address legibly marked on two opposing sides of the enclosure or shelter.

Fly-Fishing: Fishing with a fly rod, fly reel, fly line, and artificial flies.

Float Tube: A floating device which suspends a single occupant, from the seat down, in the water, and is not propelled by oars, paddles or motor.

Gaff Hook: A pointed device designed to pierce a fish for the purpose of reducing the fish to possession. It is illegal to land fish of any species with a gaff hook except through a hole cut or broken in the ice in waters which have no length restrictions or harvest closures for that species or when landing non-game fish taken with archery equipment.

Hands, Use of for Fishing: The only fish you can legally catch and harvest using your hands are crayfish and bullfrogs. You must use fishing gear to harvest all other fish species.

Hook: A bent wire device, for the catching of fish, to which one, two, or three points may be attached to a single shank. Up to five (5) hooks per line may be used, except where specifically prohibited. When fishing for salmon or steelhead, the gap between the point and shank cannot be greater than 5/8 inch. A **single-pointed hook** has one shank and one point.

Ice Fishing: Fishing through an opening, broken or cut, through the ice. You may fish with a maximum of five (5) lines per angler. The opening in the ice may not exceed 10 inches in diameter except on Bear Lake while fishing for cisco. **Note:** two-pole permits do not entitle the angler to exceed the five pole limit for ice fishing.

Illegal Fishing Methods: No chemicals, poisons, electric current, or explosives may be used to attempt catching or destroying fish.

Maggot: An unhatched fly larva.

Molesting Fish: It is illegal to molest any fish by shooting at it with a firearm or pellet gun, striking at it with a club, hands, rocks, or other objects, building obstructions for catching fish, or chasing fish up or downstream in any manner. It is illegal to mark, scar, tag or mutilate fish without a Scientific Collecting permit

Motor: Includes electric and internal combustion motors.

No Motor: Fishing from a water craft with a motor attached is prohibited.

Sliding Sinker: A method of attaching a sinker to a device that slides freely on the main line. The line used to attach the sinker to the sliding device must be of lower breaking strength than the main line. Required for sturgeon fishing.

Snagging: Taking or attempting to take a fish by use of a hook or lure in any manner or method other than enticing or attracting a fish to strike with, and become hooked in, its mouth or jaw. Game fish cannot be harvested unless hooked in the mouth or jaw. Snag fishing is illegal except where allowed by special rule. Snagging of unprotected nongame fish species is permitted.

Trapping or Seining Minnows and Crayfish: Nongame fish (minnows), yellow perch, and crayfish may be taken only in waters open to fishing; provided the seine or net does not exceed ten (10) feet in length or width, and nets and seines must have three-eighths (3/8) inch square or smaller mesh; and the minnow or crayfish trap does not exceed two (2) feet in length, width or height. If the trap is of irregular dimension, but its volume does not exceed the volume of an eight (8) cubic foot trap, it is also legal to use. Nets and seines may not be left unattended. Traps must be checked at least every forty-eight (48) hours. All traps must have a tag attached bearing the owner's name and address.

All game fish (except yellow perch) and protected nongame fish incidentally taken while trapping or seining must be immediately released alive. All fish so taken must immediately be killed except where stated otherwise. Crayfish may be kept alive to be used as bait only on the water where captured. Nongame fish and crayfish may only be taken during the season set for the taking of game fish in those waters.

Only five (5) crayfish traps can be fished with a valid fishing license. If more than five traps are used at one time, you must obtain a Commercial Fishing License and trap tags.

It is illegal to destroy, disturb, or remove any traps belonging to others.

Two-Pole Permit: A person who has a valid resident or nonresident fishing license may purchase a two-pole permit. This permit authorizes the license holder to use two poles or rods at the same time on waters and during seasons specified by Commission Rule. Valid for all open water and salmon and steelhead fishing.

Watercraft: Those devices designed as a means of transportation on water.

Fish Terms and Limits

Bag Limit: The maximum number of fish that may be legally harvested by any one person in one day. The term "bag limit" shall be construed to be an individual, independent effort and shall not be interpreted in any manner as to allow one individual to take more fish than their "bag limit" toward filling the "bag limit" of another.

It is illegal to fish in waters having special bag or species limits while in possession of fish in excess of those limits.

Clipped Adipose Fin: See diagram page 43. The adipose fin must be missing or nearly missing with a healed scar where the adipose fin is supposed to be located.

Game Fish: Brook, brown, bull, cutthroat, golden, lake (Mackinaw), rainbow (including steelhead), splake and Sunapee trout; trout hybrids; Chinook, coho, Atlantic, and kokanee (blueback) salmon; grayling; whitefish; cisco; crappie; perch; bass; catfish; bullhead; sunfish; sturgeon; northern pike; tiger muskie; walleye and sauger; and burbot (Ling). Bullfrogs and crayfish are also defined as game fish.

General Rules: The seasons, gear, and bag limits adopted for the region where you are fishing.

Harvest: Reduce a fish to possession.

Hybrid Fish: The offspring of two different species.

Limit is 0: Catch-and-release fishing is allowed but the fish species listed in the rule must be released after landing and may not be reduced to possession.

Nongame Fish: Any fish not specifically defined as a “game fish.” Protected nongame fish are Shoshone, Wood River, and Bear Lake sculpin, sand roller, northern leatherside chub, bluehead sucker and Pacific lamprey.

Possession Limit: Maximum number of fish that may be lawfully in possession of any person. Possession limit shall apply to fish while in the field or being transported. All fish hooked, landed and not immediately released shall be counted in the possession limit of the person hooking the fish. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

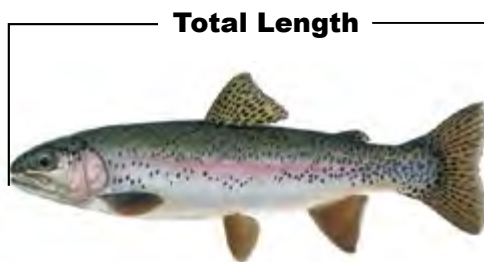
Salmon, Chinook: Anadromous (ocean-run) salmon of the species *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha* in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage, and the Clearwater drainage (excluding lakes and the North Fork of the Clearwater River above Dworshak Dam), and the Boise River, when stocked.

Season Limit: The maximum number of fish that may be legally taken in any declared season.

Special Rule Waters: Any water with a gear, season, or bag limit rule that is different from the general rule.

Steelhead: Rainbow trout longer than 20 inches in length in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage (excluding lakes and the Lemhi and Pahsimeroi rivers), and the Clearwater river drainage (excluding that portion above Dworshak Dam, and lakes). Rainbow trout longer than 20 inches in length with a clipped adipose fin (as evidenced by a healed scar) are defined as steelhead in the Snake River from Hells Canyon Dam upstream to Oxbow Dam, and in the Boise River from its mouth upstream to Barber Dam.

Total Fish Length: The length as measured from the tip of the snout to the end of the tail.



Boundary and Water Definitions

Confluence of a River or Stream: The point where two rivers or streams come together.

Diversion: A man-made structure designed to change the direction of flowing water in a stream.

Diversion Pond: A man-made pond holding water taken from a stream or reservoir. The diversion pond may be connected to the stream or reservoir by an open ditch or pipe.

Drainage: All water flowing into a common river or stream system, either above or below ground, due to area geography.

Fish Trap: Any man-made structure designed to capture fish.

Fish Weir: Any man-made structure placed in a water body to delay or divert migrating fish.

Flat Water: Water where there is no observable direction of flow.

Milepost: An official state highway marker which denotes a mile location. Milepost markers are typically found at one-mile intervals on Idaho highways.

Mouth of a River or Stream: The place where a river or stream enters a larger body of water.

Private Pond: A man-made, off-channel pond on private property. The owner may only stock the pond with fish after obtaining a private Pond Permit from Fish and Game.

Reservoir: The flat water level existing at any time within a reservoir basin. Unless noted otherwise, a stream flowing through the drawn down portion of a reservoir is not considered part of the reservoir.

Section: An area of river, stream, or reservoir between specific boundary locations.

Tributary: A stream flowing into a larger stream or lake.

Upstream: Moving from a lower elevation point in a stream towards a higher elevation point in the same stream.

Transport, Release, and Possession of Fish

Check Stations: If you have been hunting or fishing or have in possession game or nongame fish, you are required to stop at a check station established to inspect fish, game, or licenses.

Commercial Transport of Fish: If shipping fish by commercial carrier, the outside of the package must show: the number of fish; the species of fish; and the name, address, and fishing license number of the person who caught the fish.

Fish Possessed from State and Federal Fish Hatcheries: Fish can only be taken from a state or federal fish hatchery when given a written receipt for those fish or as allowed by posted signage.

Head and Tail Removal: While in transit it is illegal to remove heads or tails from any trout, kokanee, bass, tiger muskie, steelhead or salmon unless the following conditions are met: 1) the angler is ashore and done fishing for the day; 2) the fish is processed or packaged with the skin naturally attached to the flesh; 3) the fish must be processed or packaged in a manner that the number of fish harvested can be readily determined. Processed fish species listed above cannot be transported by boat.

Holding Live Fish: No permit is required to keep game fish alive that have legally been reduced to possession, in a live well, net or on a stringer while at the body of water from which they were taken. All fish must be killed or released prior to leaving the water body. However, anadromous salmon and steelhead must either be killed or released after landing.

Movement and Introduction of Live Fish: It is illegal to release or allow the release of any species of live fish (including crayfish and bullfrogs), or fish eggs, in the state of Idaho without a permit from the director of Fish and Game. If you illegally introduce fish into a water body without a permit, you could be held financially liable for restoration costs.

Private Fish Pond: You are required to have a private pond permit from Fish and Game to own a private pond stocked with fish. Contact your local Fish and Game office for a permit application.

If you harvest fish from a licensed private pond, you must have a signed receipt for those fish while in transit between the pond and place of consumption/use.

Proxy Statement: You must have a proxy statement to transport fish for another person or accept as a gift any game fish. See page 7 for a proxy statement form. It must be signed by the taker, show the number and kind of fish, the date taken, the taker's address, and fishing license number.

Sale of Fish: Fish harvested by anglers cannot be bought or sold without a commercial license except as provided by Idaho code.

Transport between Commercially Licensed Fish

Hatcheries: Fish can be transported between licensed commercial fish facilities without additional permits from Fish and Game.

Waste of Game Fish: It is illegal to waste game fish.

Salvage of Fish

Fish salvage may be authorized when fish populations are threatened by water shortages or other causes. No salvage of fish from public waters will be allowed without Fish and Game authorization. When salvage is allowed, fish may be taken by snagging, spearing, archery, dip netting, seining, or by hand. Bag limits are typically removed. Use of toxic chemicals explosives, firearms, or electric current is prohibited. A valid fishing license is required. Anglers are reminded that access along canal banks and salvage fishing in most canals and ditches requires prior permission from irrigation companies.

Salmon and Steelhead Rules

Salmon and Steelhead rules can be found on pages 39-43. Specific seasons and limits are subject to change by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission based on numbers of fish returning to Idaho from the ocean.

Seasons for anadromous (ocean-going) salmon are closed unless opened by special rule, which is published separately from general fishing rules. Look for separate rules pamphlets listing seasons and bag limits for anadromous salmon at vendors, Regional Offices, and on our website. Salmon rules are set annually by the Fish and Game commission.

Fishing in Boundary Waters

Bear Lake between Idaho and Utah: The holder of a valid Idaho or Utah fishing license may fish all of Bear Lake **except** in areas **closed** to all fishing by the respective states. Anglers are subject to the rules and regulations of the state in which they are fishing.

Snake River between Idaho and Oregon or Washington:

The holder of a valid Idaho fishing license may fish the Snake River where it forms the boundary between the states of Idaho and Oregon or Washington, subject to the fish and game laws of Idaho but may not fish from the shore including wading, and may not fish in sloughs or tributaries on the Oregon or Washington side. An Oregon or Washington license holder has the same rights and restrictions with reference to the Idaho side.

Any angler who fishes on the Snake River or any other water forming an Idaho boundary is entitled to have in possession only the limit allowed by one license regardless of the number of licenses in possession.

Releasing Fish

Releasing fish is a good way to help maintain healthy populations and quality fisheries where angling effort is high. Releasing fish is most effective when anglers strive to ensure that each fish caught and released has the maximum chance to survive after release.

You can do your part to increase fish survival by following these stress reducing practices:

- Use the proper size tackle to land the fish quickly, which can help minimize stress.
- Use barbless hooks to ease hook removal and minimize damage to the fish.
- Use of nets with non-abrasive materials will reduce loss of mucous and scales from the fish.
- Do not handle fish with dry hands.
- Do not squeeze the fish.
- Do not touch or hold fish by the gills, gill covers, or the eyes.
- Leave the fish in the water while removing the hook; holding fish upside down in the water often makes them easier to handle.
- If the hook is too deep to be easily removed, cut the leader. This will give the fish the best chance to survive.
- If the fish is exhausted, hold it in a swimming position in the water and gently move it back and forth until it is able to swim away.

Taking Photographs

Photographs of a trophy catch can provide priceless memories of a great fishing trip, but anglers should use care to take the photo responsibly. Here are things you can do to capture that special image and allow the fish to fight another day (remember – sturgeon can't be removed from the water):

- Have the camera ready and the shot framed before removing the fish from the water.
- When lifting a fish from the water, wet your hands before touching the fish and support the fish with both hands as you gently lift it from the water.
- Strive to hold the fish over the water so if it struggles from your hands it will fall back in the water and not onto a hard surface such as a rock or a boat floor.
- Hold the fish out of the water only as long as it takes to take a picture.

Reasons for Special Seasons

Listed under “Special Rule Waters” for each region you will see a number of waters with season dates different from their regional general stream and lake seasons. While they add complexity to the rules, they are designed to protect fish populations during vulnerable periods. The protection is needed to maintain or restore fish populations and to provide a diversity of fishing opportunities. For example:

- **Seasonal stream closures:** Most often these are spring closures to protect spawning native fishes (e.g. cutthroat trout). Fall closures may be used in some locations to protect spawning bull trout and kokanee. The specific dates of seasonal closures may vary depending on the species and location. In general, these restrictions will apply where spawning fish are easily accessible to anglers, and where protection of spawners is important to conserve species or maintain populations of larger fish.
- **July 1 opener to harvest bass:** Designed to protect large bass during the vulnerable spring period and to reduce the overall annual harvest to provide a “quality” size structure — normally accompanied by other regulations which also restrict the size and number of fish harvested.
- **Closed to Fishing:** A last resort restriction in important spawning and nursery streams for species with critically low populations.

Reasons for Special Size and Bag Limits

Harvest restrictions help maintain the overall numbers and size of fish in a lake or stream, and also ensure “fair share” so every angler has a chance to catch or harvest fish. Restrictive harvest rules are sometimes used simply to provide a different type of fishing experience or to maximize the size of fish available.

Idaho Fish and Game manages recreational fisheries to provide a variety of experiences using different combinations of size, gear, and bag limits. The range of harvest rules includes:

- General bag and size limits apply in typical harvest oriented fishing waters without gear or bait restrictions. Many of these waters are stocked with harvestable-sized hatchery trout.
- Wild trout management de-emphasizes angler harvest. For this reason a reduced bag limit of two trout is used to maintain wild trout populations. Additional size limits, gear, or bait restrictions may apply.
- Special size limits are used where the goal is to catch more and larger fish by giving up some harvest opportunity. A bag limit of two fish (trout or bass) and various size limits such as a 14- or 16-inch minimum or a 12- to 16-inch protected range are common.
- Trophy fish or large trout management may require more restrictive limits. For example, this could include catch-and-release rules or a bag limit of two fish (for both trout and bass) combined with length restrictions. Gear or bait restrictions may apply.
- Special cutthroat trout rules are implemented across most of the state to protect our state fish. Cutthroat trout are easily overfished, so various special rules are used to protect them from excess harvest. Many waters throughout the state have catch-and-release, restrictive bag or length limits, or other rules to protect cutthroat trout.

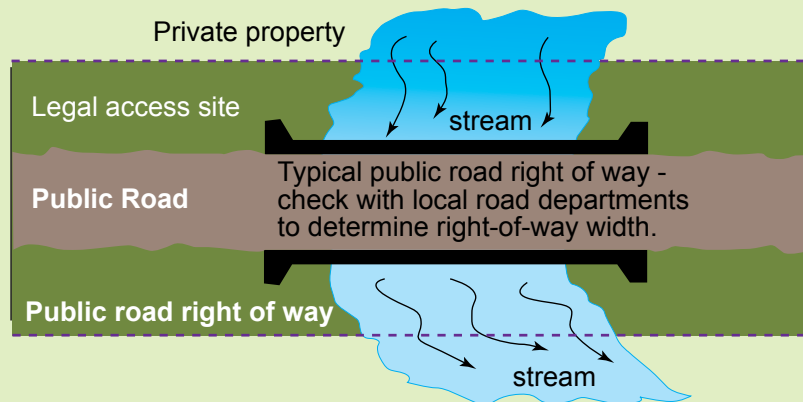
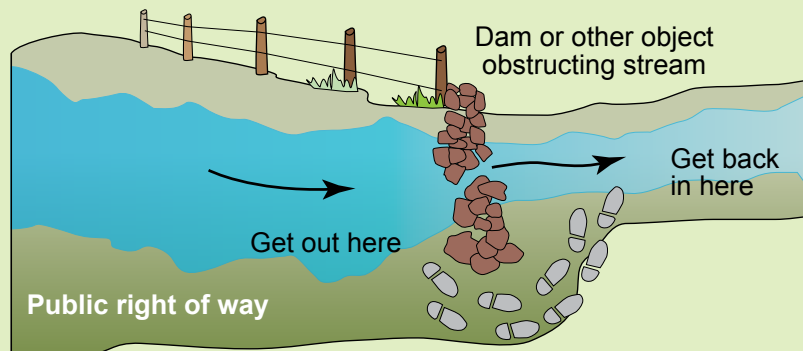
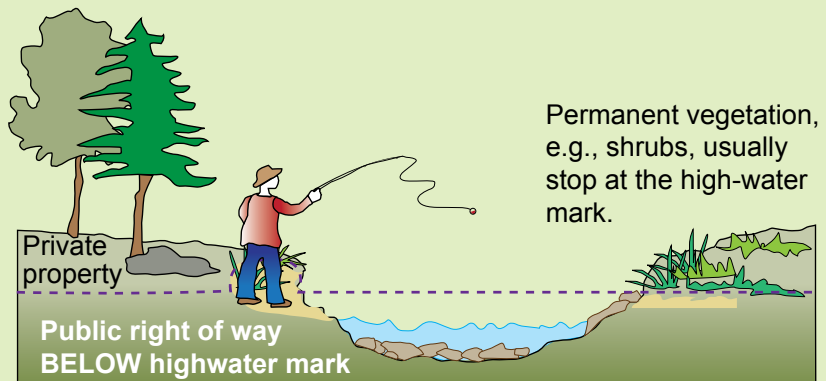
Navigability And Public Access

(Refer to Idaho Code 36-1601)

Navigable streams are defined as any stream which, in its natural high-water condition, will float logs or any other commercial or floatable commodity, or is capable of being navigated by oar or motor propelled small craft for pleasure or commercial purposes. Navigable streams are recognized as public transportation corridors, thus members of the public have the right to use the corridor, provided they enter and exit the corridor at a public right of way, and remain within the corridor. Many navigable streams flow through private property, thus it is important that anglers know their rights and responsibilities when fishing in navigable waters that flow through private property.

When fishing in navigable streams bordered by private property:

- You must stay within the normal high-water marks of the stream, unless you have landowner permission to get out on the bank, or have no other means of getting around an obstruction in the stream (such as a fence or diversion dam).
- When getting outside of the stream to go around an obstruction, take the shortest, most direct route around the obstruction to get back in the stream.
- Do not allow pets or children to trespass on adjacent private property, without landowner permission.
- You may enter and exit navigable streams at other public rights of way, such as county road bridges.
- **ASK FIRST!** Always get landowner permission before crossing private lands outside of a public right of way.



Sturgeon Fishing Rules

The white sturgeon is the largest freshwater fish in North America. To reach their maximum adult size of 8 to 10 feet or more, sturgeon must survive for many years. Accidental deaths result in fewer fish living the 25-50 years of age necessary to reach large sizes. The Idaho Department of Fish and Game believes a number of sturgeon deaths are caused by “ghost gear”—hooks and line broken off or discarded by anglers that are ingested by sturgeon. The following are some rules and fishing tips for sturgeon anglers designed to assist in catching fish and releasing them successfully.

If You Catch a Sturgeon

- **Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing.**
- Sturgeon can be rolled onto their backs in the water before removing the hook. This generally calms the fish down making it easier to remove the hook.
- Do not grasp a sturgeon by the gills. Gills are the lungs of a fish and can be easily damaged.
- Do not mark, scar, or put a tail rope on sturgeon.
- If you break off, retrieve as much line as possible, using a boat if possible. Do not leave discarded line on shore or in the water. It is a real hazard to both fish and wildlife.

Rigging up (see diagram below)

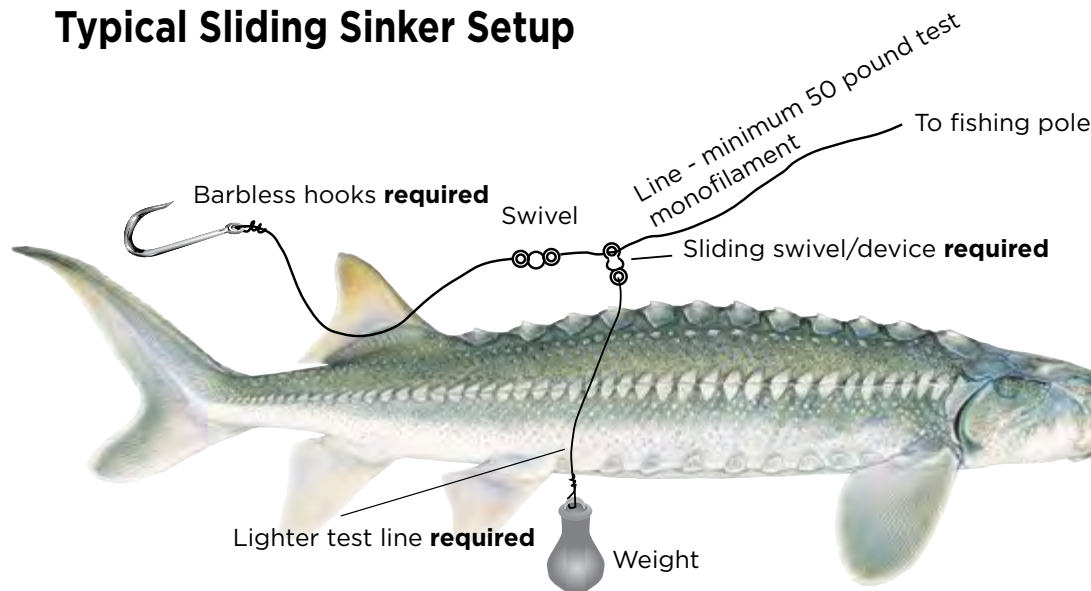
- When fishing for white sturgeon, by rule (IDAPA 13.01.11) anglers are required to use barbless hooks, a sliding swivel device to secure a weight, and a lighter test line to secure a weight to the sliding swivel or other device.
- We recommend a minimum of 50 pound test monofilament line on your reel. This greatly reduces the chances of breaking off your main line either with a fish on or when snagged.

To report wildlife crimes, call Citizens Against Poaching at 1-800-632-5999.



Emergency information can be relayed to Fish and Game personnel through any Idaho law enforcement agency.

Typical Sliding Sinker Setup



Idaho Fish Consumption Advisory for Selected Waters

A fish advisory means that you should monitor the amount of certain kinds of fish that you eat. For information call us toll-free at

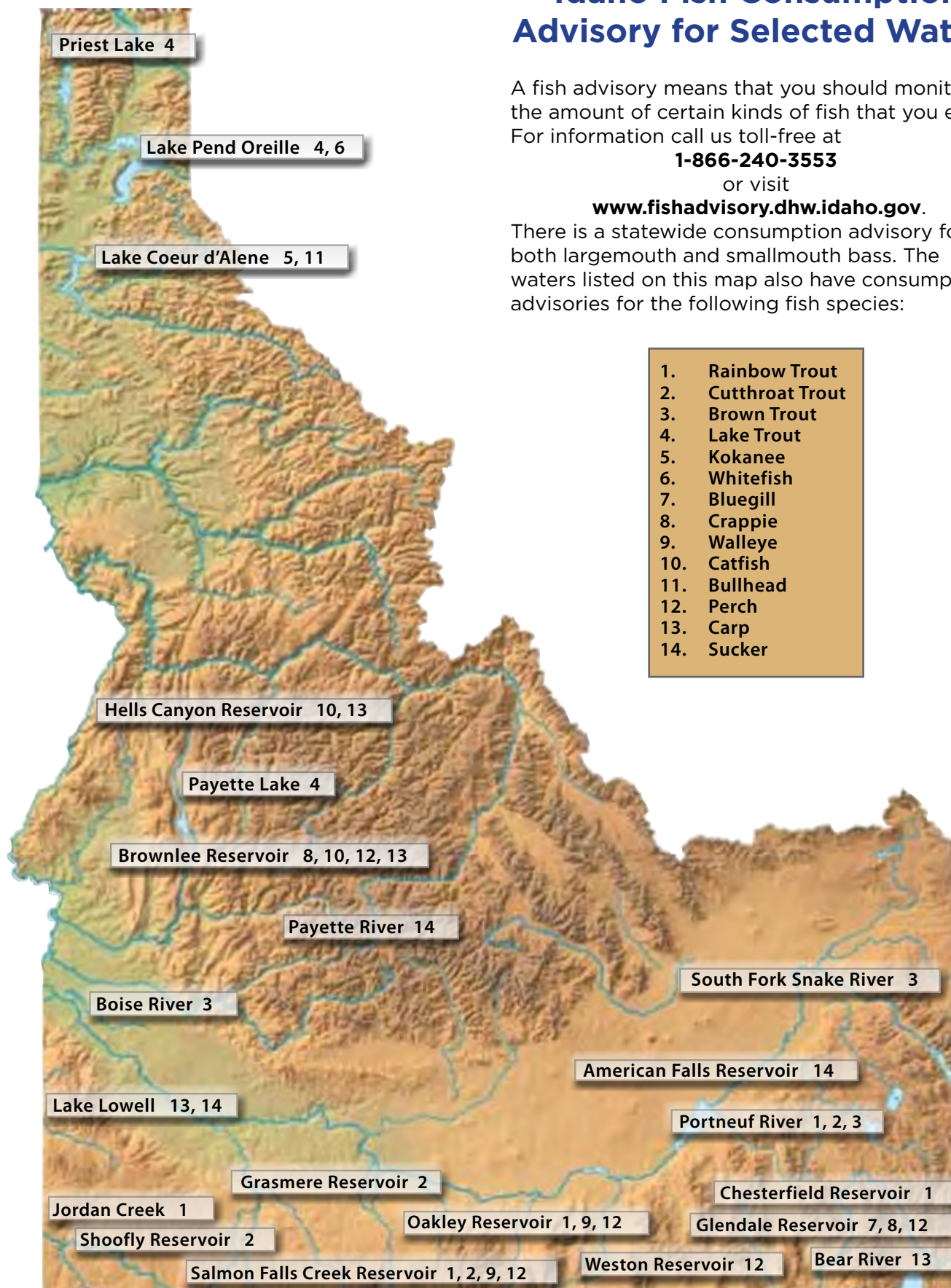
1-866-240-3553

or visit

www.fishadvisory.dhw.idaho.gov.

There is a statewide consumption advisory for both largemouth and smallmouth bass. The waters listed on this map also have consumption advisories for the following fish species:

1. Rainbow Trout
2. Cutthroat Trout
3. Brown Trout
4. Lake Trout
5. Kokanee
6. Whitefish
7. Bluegill
8. Crappie
9. Walleye
10. Catfish
11. Bullhead
12. Perch
13. Carp
14. Sucker



Official List of Idaho Record Fish

Game Fish

Species	Weight (lbs.)	Length (in.)	Girth (in.)	Location	Angler	Date
Atlantic Salmon	13.25	29.75	17.75	Deadwood Res.	Garrett Buffington	10/15/1995
Black Crappie	3.56	17.5	15	Brownlee Reservoir	Jason Monson	06/08/2003
Bluegill	3.5	-	-	C.J. Strike Res.	Darrell Grim	1966
Bluegill/P-seed Hybrid	1.00	9.88	10.25	Star Lane Pond	Kevin Graveline	05/08/2001
Bonneville Cutthroat	18.94	-	-	Bear Lake	Roger Grunig	4/30/1970
Bonneville Whitefish	3.16	19.5	11.5	Bear Lake	Gaylon Newbold	12/05/2014
Brook Trout	7.06	23.5	15.5	Henrys Lake	DeVere Stratton	8/16/1978
Brown Trout	27.31	37	24	Ashton Reservoir	Wes Case	11/06/2007
*Bull Trout (Dolly Varden)	32	-	-	Pend Orielle Lake	Nelson Higgins	1949
Bullhead Catfish	3.88	20.5	11.88	Brownlee Res.	James Winter	05/25/1986
Channel Catfish	31.00	38	23.5	Mann Lake	Kenny Decker	08/25/2001
Chinook Salmon (fresh water)	42	41.25	29.75	CdA Lake	Jane Clifford	09/13/1987
Chinook Salmon (ocean run)	54	-	-	Salmon River	Merrold Gold	1956
Coho Salmon (fresh water)	6	23.5	-	Cascade Res.	Ted Bowers	09/19/1992
Coho Salmon (ocean run)	11.75	33	17	Clearwater River.	Steve Micek	11/8/2014
Flathead Catfish	58.5	48	31	Brownlee Res.	J. Newberry/K. McCormick	08/23/1994
Gerrard Rainbow Trout	37	-	-	Pend Oreille Lake	Wes Hamlet	1947
Golden Trout	5.13	-	-	White Sands Lake	George Wolvertson	1958
Grayling	2.44	18.13	-	Nez Perce Lake	Velma Mahaffey	06/21/1992
Green Sunfish	0.49	8.5	9	Dingle Pond	Bryan Christensen	06/05/2015
Kokanee Salmon	6.59	24.5	14.5	Priest Lake	JerryVerge	06/09/1975
Lake Trout	57.5	49	32.5	Priest Lake	Lyle McClure	11/14/1971
Lake Whitefish	6.5	26	23.75	Pend Oreille Lake	Dale Hofmann	08/06/2010
Largemouth Bass	10.94	-	-	Anderson Lake	Mrs. M.W. Taylor	—
*Ling (Burbot)	14	-	-	Kootenai River	P.A. Dayton	1954
Mountain Whitefish	5.9	22.5	14	Island Park Reservoir	Robert Hall	1997
Northern Pike	40.13	51.5	22.75	Lower Twin Lake	Kim Fleming	08/06/2010
Pumpkinseed	0.88	9.75	10	Chase Lake	Bob Russell	1977
Rainbow Trout	20.00	34.25	22.25	Snake River	Michelle Larsen-Williams	7/29/2009
Rainbow/Cutt. Hybrid	34.74	41.13	27.13	American Falls Res	Mark Adams	7/25/2011
Smallmouth Bass	9.72	23.75	20.5	Dworshak Reservoir	Dan Steigers	10/28/2006
*Sockeye Salmon	5	24	-	Redfish Lake	June McCray	08/08/1970
Splake	10.78	28.5	18.88	Ririe Reservoir	Brian Allison	05/12/2006
Steelhead	30.13	44	-	Clearwater River	Keith Powell	11/23/1973
Tiger Muskie	44.25	52.5	25	Little Payette Lake	Edward Kalinowski	08/06/2013
Tiger Trout	1.26	14.63	-	Wallace Lake	Douglas West	06/19/2015
Walleye	17.88	34.5	21.88	Oakley Reservoir..	Damon Rush	9/10/2011
Warmouth	0.60	8.75	8.5	Snake River	Marvin Stevens	06/23/1988
White Crappie	3.80	17.5	15.75	Crane Creek Res.	Trenten Smith	07/16/2012
* White Sturgeon (Rod & Reel)	394	-	-	Snake River	Glenn Howard	1956
* White Sturgeon (Set Line)	675	-	-	Snake River	Unknown	1908
Yellow Perch	2.73	15.5	12.75	Lake Cascade	Tia Marie Wiese	03/01/2014

**species that can no longer be harvested*

Nongame

Species	Weight (lbs.)	Length (in.)	Girth (in.)	Location	Angler	Date
Chiselmouth	1.16	14.25	8.38	Salmon River	Justin Powell	04/15/2003
Common Carp	67.65	47	34.5	C.J. Strike Reservoir	Scott Frazier II	07/23/2011
Grass Carp	39.5	40.63	36	Snake River	Saige Wilkerson	07/16/2012
Largescale Sucker	8.42	26	-	Cascade Lake	Patrick Perry	04/30/2005
Northern Pikeminnow	7.89	25.25	16	Snake River	Emil Nowoj	05/07/2004
Peamouth Chub	1.06	14.75	7.75	Clearwater River	Robert Riek	05/04/2004
Tench	4.88	21	-	Spokane River	Scotty Brueher	2000
Tilapia	4.28	16	-	Swan Falls Reservoir	Jason Arneson	08/03/2008
Utah Chub	2.81	16.7	11.2	Lake Walcott	Alfred E. Woolstenhulme	02/07/2010
Utah Sucker	7.86	25.5	-	South Fork Snake River	Rick Thompson	08/20/2011

New Record Fish Opportunity Beginning in 2016

- New Catch-and-Release Record category for fish released alive
- Separate records for Cutthroat Trout subspecies: Bonneville, Yellowstone, Westslope, Lahontan
- Archery/Spearfishing now a separate category for legal nongame species

Record Guidelines*

Only fish caught in publicly-accessible waters with legal fishing methods during an open season are eligible for State Records. All applicants must have a valid Idaho fishing license at the time the fish was caught. No records will be awarded for fish caught during salvage seasons or at private pay-to-fish facilities.

- **Certified Weight Records** are based on the weight of the fish legally harvested as determined by a certified scale with required receipt.
- **Catch and Release Records** are based only on the total length (snout to tip of tail) for fish released alive. Fish must be photographed directly next to a ruler/tape or an object of known verifiable length (such as this rule book).
- New catch/release White Sturgeon records (Catch and Release only) must be broken by a minimum of 2 inches. Catch/Release records for all other species must be broken by a minimum of ½ inch.
- All applications must be submitted within 30 days of the catch date.

How to Apply For a Record Fish

All applicants must submit a complete Record Fish Application Form, accompanying photographs, and certified weight receipt (if applicable) to Idaho Fish and Game. This form can be completed online, or downloaded at idfg.idaho.gov/fish/records.

Certified Weight Records require the following:

- ✓ A receipt from the certified scale documenting the weight (typically be found at grocery stores or US Post Offices).
- ✓ Verification of species by Idaho Fish and Game.
- ✓ At least one photo of the fish.
- ✓ At least one witness to the weight.

Catch and Release Records require the following:

- ✓ Fish must be released. See tips on safely releasing fish in this booklet!
- ✓ Measure the total length from the tip of the snout to the end of the tail, with lobes of tail squeezed together. Sturgeon should be measured upside down along the belly from the snout to tip of the upper lobe of the tail fin.
- ✓ At least one photo of the fish directly next to a ruler/tape or an object of known verifiable length (such as this rule book).
- ✓ Salmon, Steelhead and White Sturgeon must be measured and photographed in the water.
- ✓ At least one photo of the angler with the fish.
- ✓ At least one witness to the measurement and release.

*For complete rules and more information about submitting a record fish application, see the IDFG website.

idfg.idaho.gov/fish/records

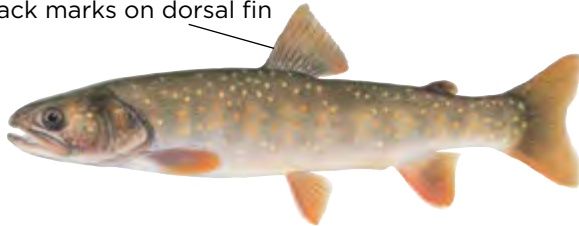
Fish Identification

Illustrations © Joseph Tomelleri

Check for local fish consumption advisories at www.fishadvisory.dhw.idaho.gov



No black marks on dorsal fin



Bull Trout No Harvest Allowed

Olive green with brown above and on sides, shading to white on belly. Lacks wormlike markings as in BROOK TROUT. Upper body with yellow spots, sides with red or orange spots. No bluish halos around spots and white borders on fins less distinct than in BROOK TROUT. Tail is slightly forked. NATIVE.

Bluish halos



White border

Brook Trout

Dark green or blue black on back, to white on belly. Belly and lower fins may turn brilliant red in spawning males. Upper body and dorsal fin with mottled or wormlike markings. Sides with pale spots and reddish spots which may have bluish rings around them. Lower fins, including tail. Have distinct white leading edge. Tail square, or only slightly forked. INTRODUCED.

Spots light gray



Lake Trout (Mackinaw)

Dark gray or gray green above, belly light gray to white. Irregular shaped light gray spots on back, sides, dorsal fin and tail. Pink or blue spots ABSENT. White borders on fins less distinct than in BROOK TROUT. Tail deeply forked. Inhabits only large, deep lakes. INTRODUCED.



Cutthroat Trout

Red to orange slashes on underside of lower jaw. Body color variable. Back steel gray to olive green. Sides may be yellow brown with red or pink along belly. Spotting more closely grouped toward tail. May spawn in wild with rainbow. NATIVE.



Rainbow Trout

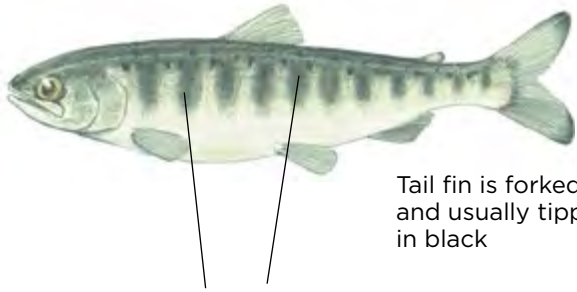
Body color variable. May be silvery in lakes and reservoirs. Back olive to greenish blue, belly white to silvery. Sides may show red or pink streak, white tip on pelvic (belly) and anal fin usually evident. Irregular spots on back, sides, head, dorsal fin and tail. Spots are more evenly distributed from head to tail on rainbow trout than cutthroat trout. NATIVE.



Sockeye Salmon

An anadromous (ocean going) relative of kokanee salmon. Non-spawning color is silver to steel blue. Males turn a bright red on the back and a darker red on the sides at spawning time. Females also turn red, but the red on the sides is somewhat darker. Sockeye typically spend two years in freshwater and one year in the ocean before returning to spawn in Idaho. NATIVE.

Juvenile Chinook Salmon



Tail fin is forked and usually tipped in black

Parr marks are large, oblong shapes.

**No Harvest Allowed
In waters with ocean-going
salmon or steelhead**

Spots on entire tail fin



Black mouth, black gums

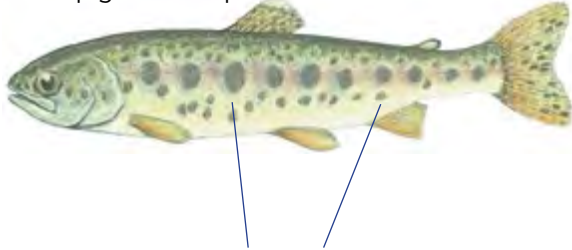
Adult Chinook Salmon

Adults 24-40 inches in length. Irregularly shaped black spots on back, dorsal fin and tail. Teeth well developed. Black mouth and gum line. Adults return to Snake, Salmon and Clearwater rivers to spawn after 1-3 years at sea. Juveniles migrate to ocean after 18 months in streams. NATIVE.

Juvenile Rainbow Trout/Steelhead

Dorsal fin has distinct, black-pigmented spots

Tail fin is square or slightly forked

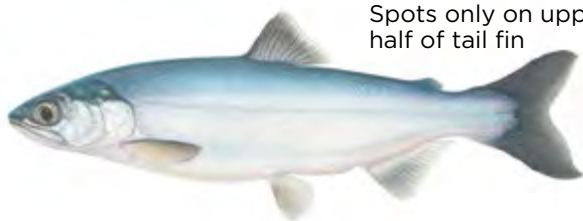


Parr marks almost round



Adult Steelhead

Adults generally 20-40 inches in length. Irregularly shaped black spots on back, dorsal fin and tail. STEELHEAD are ocean-run rainbow which spawn in Snake, Clearwater and Salmon drainages; juveniles migrate to the ocean, return as adults after 1-2 years. NATIVE. See Pages 39-43.



Spots only on upper half of tail fin

Kokanee (Blueback)

Back greenish blue with faint speckling and few if any spots. Sides and belly silvery. No distinct spotting in dorsal fin or tails as in RAINBOW. During spawning (September-December in both streams and shoreline gravels), bodies become 'leathery' and turn dark red to bright scarlet and heads dusky green. Spots are visible on the back half of the fish when in spawning coloration. Kokanee are native to the Payette lakes and the Stanley Basin lakes and have been established in other large lakes and reservoirs throughout the state. NATIVE.

Heavy spotting in dorsal and tail fins

Spots only on upper half of tail fin



Black mouth, white gums

Coho Salmon

Appearance similar to kokanee with spotting on back, dorsal and upper lobe of tail fin. Sharp teeth on tongue and roof of mouth. 14-16 rays in anal fin. Can be confused with rainbow trout in reservoirs. Chinook salmon can be distinguished from coho by black inside of mouth and gums, while coho have white or gray gums. INTRODUCED.

Blue-gray halos

No spots or
very few spots
on tail fin



Brown Trout

Back brown or olive with large black spots. Sides light brown to yellowish with numerous brown, black and red spots surrounded by halos of blue gray. Adipose fin usually with orange border. Few, if any, spots on tail. Tail slightly forked. INTRODUCED.



Mountain Whitefish

Color light grayish blue on back; silvery on sides; and dull whitish on belly. Small mouth without teeth. Five other species of whitefish are found in Idaho. NATIVE.



No Harvest Allowed

White Sturgeon

Five rows of bony plates or scutes; mouth directed downward; four barbels in front of mouth; size up to 10 feet in Snake, Salmon and Kootenai rivers. NATIVE. See Page 52 for more information.



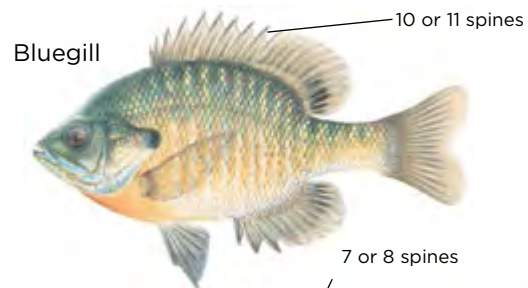
Tiger Muskie

A sterile hybrid cross of a northern pike and a muskellunge. Olive green to dark gray color with VERTICAL MARKINGS on sides. INTRODUCED.



Northern Pike

Bluish-green to gray on back and sides with irregular rows of light-colored HORIZONTAL SPOTS on sides. INTRODUCED.



Black Crappie



6 spines

White Crappie



Bluegill and Crappie

Have spines in the dorsal fin. Bluegill have a blue spot on the gill cover, the back is olive to dark green with a bluish luster, sides are bluish, belly is yellowish. Crappie are grayish to silvery green on the head, with lighter sides and a silvery-white belly. Heavy black spotting or splotches on body and fins. INTRODUCED.

Horizontal band



Jaw beyond eye

Largemouth Bass

Dark green on back and sides, belly white. Dark, irregular HORIZONTAL band along sides. Upper jaw, when closed, extends behind the eye. INTRODUCED.

Vertical bands



Jaw not beyond eye

Smallmouth Bass

Dark olive to brown on back, sides bronze, belly white. Dark VERTICAL bands on sides. Eyes reddish. Upper jaw, when closed, does NOT EXTEND behind eye. INTRODUCED.



Yellow Perch

Dark green back and yellow sides with 6 to 8 dark vertical bars. Front fin has sharp spines and cheek has serrated edges. INTRODUCED.



Walleye

Closely related to the yellow perch, but lacks vertical bars and has prominent "canine" teeth. Lower lobe of tail fin is white tipped. INTRODUCED.

Channel catfish



Forked tail

Bullhead



Rounded tail

Channel Catfish and Bullhead

MEMBERS of the catfish family have 4 pairs of barbels (whiskers), spines on their dorsal and pectoral fins, and no scales. Bullheads in Idaho are normally a more solid brown. INTRODUCED.

Does not have
adipose fin

Northern Pike

(formerly the northern squawfish)

Body color has a general yellowish tone, back is dark olive green, sides are grayish-silver, belly is yellowish-white. Tail fin is distinctly forked, the mouth is large. Fins without spots. NATIVE.



Chiselmouth

Body color is dark grayish brown on back with lighter sides and a grayish white belly. Head is blunt, snout rounded, lower lip is curved with a hard cartilage that has a straight cutting edge (like a chisel). Average length 8-10 inches. Typically found in Snake River and impoundments from Boise to Lewiston. NATIVE.



Utah Chub

Body color is black to olive brown on back with yellowish sides and a silvery to white belly. Typically has a plump body and a small mouth. Average length 8-12 inches. Found in the Bear River and Upper Snake River drainage. NATIVE.

Licenses, Tags and Permits

To Buy a License, Tag or Permit

- Visit an Idaho Fish and Game office or license vendor.
- By credit card, within the United States call 1-800-554-8685. Outside the U.S., use the Internet or mail.
- From your computer or mobile device, go to idfg.idaho.gov.
- Commercial licenses, duplicate tags, documents that require proof of disability, lifetime licenses, and bear baiting permits may be purchased only at Fish and Game offices.

When buying licenses by telephone, the buyer, on request, will be assigned a confirmation number that may be used in lieu of the actual license for 14 days from the date of issue. When this number is used, the person must carry their driver's license or identification card. A confirmation number may not be used in lieu of a tag or salmon/steelhead permit. Purchasers must wait until tags or permits arrive in the mail. **Licenses purchased online must be printed from the buyer's computer; they will not be mailed.**

The charge for phone-in purchases is three percent of the transaction plus \$5.50; the charge for online purchases is three percent of the transaction plus \$3.50.

Any license, tag or permit that is defaced or altered is invalid from the date and time of issue. It is unlawful to use or attempt to use any license that has been defaced or altered.

Nonresidents: If you hunt with an outfitter in Idaho, the outfitter should buy your tags through the "outfitter set-aside" pool of tags. No outfitter should suggest that you buy your own tags from the general nonresident pool of tags.

Sale Dates: Most licenses and tags go on sale December 1, but resident deer, elk and pronghorn tags are not available until after the controlled hunt drawings are done. Most licenses are valid only for the calendar year for which they are issued.

Hunter and Bowhunter Education

- To buy a hunting license, all hunters must show proof that they have completed a hunter education course if they were born on or after January 1, 1975, unless they have held a valid hunting license from Idaho or another state.
- To buy an archery permit, all bowhunters must possess a valid hunting license and show proof they have completed an approved bowhunter education course or show evidence of having been licensed for an archery-only hunt in Idaho or another state, or complete an affidavit to that effect.
- Course and registration information can be found on Fish and Game's website or by contacting any Fish and Game office.
- **Individuals planning to participate in fall hunts are encouraged to enroll in a course before June 30, as the number of courses offered becomes very limited closer to fall hunting seasons.**

- Prospective hunters have three course options to receive their certification: **Instructor-led Course** – 12 to 18 class hours plus an outdoor field day and final written exam. **Online Course** – A two-phase course begins with a self-paced, online instruction and an online exam. An additional outdoor field day is required for hunter education. **Workbook Course** – Same material as the online course in a workbook format. Includes an outdoor field day and a final written exam. Available for hunter education certification only.

Refund Policy

No refunds will be made on resident licenses, tags or permits. Nonresident hunting licenses and tags may be refunded less issuance fees and a \$50 processing fee, in the event of:

- Illness or injury that disables a license holder for the entire applicable hunting season.
- Military deployment of license holder due to armed conflict.
- Death of the license holder's parent, spouse or child. Tags and license must be returned with proof (death certificate, obituary, written justification by a licensed medical doctor, or copy of military orders). Hunting license fees will not be refunded after the license is used to apply for a controlled hunt or to buy a turkey, mountain lion, bear or gray wolf tag. The request must be postmarked by December 31 of the year in which the license was valid, except for "event of death" refund, which must be submitted within 1 year of the death.

A controlled hunt permit and tag may be made available in the same hunt for purchase by an immediate family member of a person who died before using his or her tag, and whose family had the fees refunded. Contact Licenses at (208) 334-2592.

If a refund is requested for any other reason, only the tag fees (not the license or permit fee) may be refunded at the following sliding scale rate:

- Postmarked before April 1 – 75 percent refund.
- Postmarked April 1 through June 30 – 50 percent refund.
- Postmarked July 1 through August 31 – 25 percent refund.
- Postmarked September 1 through December 31—No refund.

Resident Disabled Licenses

Anyone certified as eligible for federal supplemental income (SSI), social security disability income (SSDI), railroad retirement board disability, a nonservice-connected veteran's pension, or a service-connected veteran's disability benefit with 40 percent or more combined/overall disability rating, may qualify for a "disabled" license. Bring current year documentation when applying. Disabled licenses may be purchased at Fish and Game offices, selected license vendors (see website for list), and through the mail.

Licenses, Tags and Permits

Disabled Hunter/Companion

The rules for a companion assisting a disabled hunter allow the companion to take an animal that has been wounded by the disabled hunter and to place and validate the disabled hunter's tags on the animal.

A companion assisting a disabled hunter who possesses a valid disabled combination license, or a disabled archery permit, or a disabled hunt from a motor vehicle permit and valid tag is not required to have an appropriate tag or controlled hunt permit to assist the disabled hunter.

The companion must accompany the disabled hunter while hunting and they are required to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices.

The companion must have a written statement of designation from the disabled hunter while hunting with the disabled hunter or assisting them with taking and tagging their harvested animal. The statement must include the disabled hunters name, address, hunting license, big game tag number and the dates of the designation as a companion.

For more information about the rules for a companion to a disabled hunter, please contact your local IDFG office.

Resident Lifetime License Certificates

The purchase of a lifetime certificate could be the best investment you ever make. Lifetime certificates authorize all privileges associated with a corresponding annual license, are valid for the life of the certificate holder and are available to Idaho residents. The lifetime certificate does not include tags and permits. If a lifetime certificate holder moves out of Idaho, they will continue to receive an annual license, but will pay nonresident tag and permit fees. Lifetime certificates can be purchased at IDFG offices only.

Applicant	Combination	Hunting	Fishing
0 - 1 year	\$795.50	\$276.75	\$601.75
2 - 50 years	\$1,113.00	\$386.75	\$841.75
51 and older	\$636.75	\$221.75	\$481.75

Idaho Residency Requirements

A previous year's license is not proof of residency. Proof of residency is required to buy any resident license.

1. Drivers must present: A valid Idaho driver's license and must have been domiciled in the state of Idaho for the last six months immediately prior to purchasing a resident license, tag or permit. Owning real property or paying property taxes within the state of Idaho does not in itself establish residency. Claiming resident privileges in any other state or country will compromise your resident status in Idaho.

2. Non-drivers must present: An Idaho identification card issued by the Department of Transportation; or a combination of two documents bearing your name and address but not issued by yourself.

Examples include:

- Home utility bills for the previous six months.
- Rent receipts or mortgage statements for the previous six months.
- Notarized statement from an employer on business letterhead.
- Proof of voter registration dated six months prior.
- For a minor child under 18, identification from a parent.

3. Military members: A member of the military service of the United States or a foreign country, state National Guard or Air National Guard, together with spouse and children under 18 years of age, residing in his/her household, who have been officially transferred, stationed, domiciled and on active duty in the state of Idaho for a period of 30 days last preceding application, as long as such assignment continues, is eligible to purchase a resident license.

To show eligibility you need: A current "Military Status and Residency Affidavit" signed by first sergeant, section commander or commander; or a current request and authorization for permanent change of station showing a 'report no later than' date within the last 60 days; or a combination of two documents given in number two (2) above dated thirty (30) days prior.

This is a summary of residency requirements, for additional details see Idaho Code 36-202(S) and 36-405; <http://www.legislature.idaho.gov/idstat/Title36/T36.htm> or contact your local Fish and game office. Persons who do not qualify as residents must purchase a nonresident license.

Hunting Passports

Hunting Passports are available only to first time hunters. Anyone who has previously held a hunting license in any state is not eligible. For more information, visit: idfg.idaho.gov/hunt/passport, or contact your local Fish and Game office.



To purchase a license go to:
idfg.idaho.gov/buy

Resident License, Tag and Permit Fees

The amounts listed include all tags, permits and application fees as of November 30, 2015.

Fees may change without notice. Licenses, permits, validations and tags expire **December 31**, except where noted.

Adult licenses: 18 years of age and older

Sportsman's Package ¹	\$124.25
Combination (3 year license)	97.00
Combination Hunting and Fishing	33.50
Disabled Combination (3 year license)	11.50
Disabled Combination	
SSI, SSDI, DAV	5.00
Military Furlough Combination	17.50
Hunting (3 year license)	34.75
Hunting	12.75
Fishing (3 year license)	73.75
Fishing	25.75
Daily Fishing (first day)	11.50
Each consecutive day at initial time of purchase add	5.00
Disabled Fishing (3 year license)	11.50
Disabled Fishing	5.00
Military Furlough Fishing	17.50
Trapping (expires June 30)	26.75
Taxidermist/Furbuyer ² - 1 year (expires June 30)	40.00
Taxidermist/Furbuyer ² - 5 year (expires June 30)	176.75
Hunting Passport ⁶ (8+ years, Junior or Adult)	1.75

Youth licenses

Sportsman's Package ¹	\$124.25
Junior Combination (3 year license)	49.00
Junior Combination Hunting and Fishing (14-17)	17.50
Junior Hunting ⁵ (10-17) (3 year license)	18.25
Junior Hunting ⁵ (10-17)	7.25
Junior Fishing (14-17) (3 year license)	37.75
Junior Fishing (14-17)	13.75
Youth Trapping	7.25

Senior license 65 years and older

Senior Combination (3 year license)	\$31.75
Senior Combination Hunting and Fishing	11.75

Permits and Validations

Archery Permit	\$18.25
Muzzleloader Permit	18.25
Hound Hunter Permit	12.75
Bear Baiting Permit ²	12.75
WMA Pheasant Permit (17+ years)	each 23.75
Sage/Sharp-tailed Grouse Permit	4.75

Migratory Bird (HIP) Permit	1.75
Disabled Archery Permit ^{2,3}	1.75
Disabled Motor Vehicle Permit ^{2,3}	1.75
Salmon or Steelhead Permit	12.75
Two-Pole Permit	13.75

Adult Tags

Deer	\$19.75
Elk	30.75
Pronghorn	31.25
Bear and Second Bear	each 11.50
Mountain Lion and Second Mountain Lion	each 11.50
Gray Wolf	each 11.50
Gray Wolf Trapping (expires June 30)	each 11.50
General Turkey	19.75
Extra Turkey	each 12.25
Special Unit Turkey	each 5.00
Sandhill Crane	each 15.00
Moose, Bighorn Sheep, Mountain Goat (controlled hunt tag only, does not include application fee.)	166.75

Youth, Senior and DAV Tags⁴

Deer ⁴	\$10.75
Elk ⁴	16.50
Bear and Second Bear ⁴	each 6.75
Turkey and Extra Turkey ⁴	each 10.75

Controlled Hunts

Controlled Hunt Application	each \$6.25
Turkey Controlled Hunt Permit	7.75

Notes:

¹ The sportsman's package includes deer, elk, turkey, bear, gray wolf and mountain lion tags, and archery, muzzleloader, salmon and steelhead permits.

² Available only at Idaho Fish and Game offices.

³ Disability must be certified by a medical doctor on a Fish and Game form.

⁴ Must have a senior combination license, a junior combination or hunting license, a Junior Hunting Passport, or a DAV combination license.

⁵ A 9-year old may buy a license to apply for a controlled hunt tag, but he or she must be 10 years old at the time of the hunt. All youth younger than twelve must be accompanied in the field by an adult license holder close enough to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices.

⁶ Anyone hunting with this license must be accompanied in the field by an adult license holder close enough to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices.

Nonresident License, Tag and Permit Fees

The amounts listed include all tags, permits and application fees as of November 30, 2015.

Fees may change without notice. Licenses, permits, validations and tags expire **December 31**, except where noted.

Adult licenses: 18 years of age and older

Combination (3 year license).....	\$716.50
Combination Hunting and Fishing.....	240.00
Hunting (3 year license).....	460.75
(Includes three-day fishing license each year of license)	
Hunting	154.75
(Includes three-day fishing license)	
Disabled American Veteran Hunting (DAV)	31.75
(Includes three-day fishing license)	
Small Game Hunting	
(Not valid for the first five days of pheasant season)....	97.75
Three-Day Nonresident Small Game Hunting	
(Not valid for the first five days of pheasant season)....	35.50
Nongame Hunting.....	35.50
Shooting Preserve Hunting	23.75
Fishing (3 year license).....	291.25
Fishing	98.25
Daily Fishing (first day).....	12.75
Each consecutive day at initial time of purchase add	6.00
Three-day Salmon/Steelhead	
(includes three-day general fishing license).....	37.50
Trapping (expires June 30)	301.75
Taxidermist/Furbuyer ¹ (expires June 30)	170.00
Hunting Passport ² (8+ years, Junior or Adult).....	1.75

Junior Mentored & Youth Licenses

Junior Mentor Hunting ² (10-17) (3 year license).....	\$91.75
Junior Mentored Hunting ² (10-17)	31.75
Junior Fishing (under 18) (3 year license).....	61.75
Junior Fishing (under 18).....	21.75

Permits and Validations

Archery Permit.....	\$20.00
Muzzleloader Permit	20.00
Hound Hunter Permit ¹	169.75
Bear Baiting Permit ¹	31.75
WMA Pheasant Permit (17+ yrs).....	each 51.75
Sage/Sharp-tailed Grouse Permit	4.75
Migratory Bird (HIP) Permit	4.75
Disabled Archery Permit ^{1, 3}	1.75
Disabled Motor Vehicle Permit ^{1, 3}	1.75
Salmon or Steelhead Permit.....	25.75
Two-Pole Permit	15.50

Adult Tags

Deer	\$301.75
Elk	416.75
Pronghorn	311.75
Bear	186.00
Reduced Bear and Second Bear	each 41.75
Mountain Lion	186.00
Reduced and Second Mountain Lion	each 41.75
Gray Wolf.....	each 31.75
Gray Wolf Trapping (expires June 30).....	each 31.75
Turkey and Extra Turkey	each 80.00
Special Unit Turkey	each 5.00
Sandhill Crane.....	each 15.00
Moose, Bighorn Sheep, Mountain Goat	
(Controlled hunt tag only, does not include	
application fee.)	\$2,101.75

Junior Mentored/DAV Tags⁴

Deer ⁴	\$23.75
Elk ⁴	39.75
Bear and Second Bear ⁴	each 23.75
Turkey and Extra Turkey ⁴	each 19.75

Controlled Hunts

Controlled Hunt Application.....	\$14.75
Turkey Controlled Hunt Permit	7.75

Notes:

¹ These licenses and permits are only available at Idaho Fish and Game offices.

² Anyone hunting with this license must be accompanied in the field by an adult license holder close enough to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices.

³ Disability must be certified by a medical doctor on a Fish and Game form.

⁴ Must have a junior mentored hunting license, Junior Hunting Passport or a DAV license. The accompanying adult must have a tag(s) for the same species. The junior mentored/DAV deer and elk tags are not valid for bear, gray wolf or mountain lion. Price not valid for leftover nonresident, general season deer or elk tags purchased as second tags.

Note: Nonresident lifetime license holders must buy tags, if available, at Fish and Game offices when nonresident deer and elk tags are sold out.

For licenses not listed, please visit our web page at: idfg.idaho.gov.

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